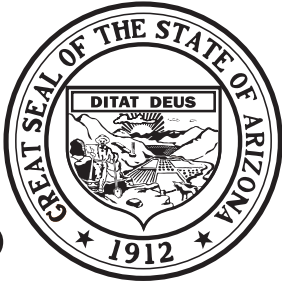


2020



Arizona Form 140A Resident Personal Income Tax Booklet

This Booklet Contains:

- Form 140A – Short Form Resident Personal Income Tax Return
- Form 204 – Extension Request

Where's my Refund?

Check your refund status at
www.AZTaxes.gov

Who can use Arizona Form 140A?

You can use Form 140A to file for 2020 if all of the following apply to you.

- You, and your spouse if married filing a joint return, are full year residents of Arizona.
- Your Arizona taxable income is **less than \$50,000**.
- You are not making any adjustments to income.
- You do not itemize deductions.
- You are **not** claiming any credits other than the family income tax credit, the property tax credit or the credit for increased excise taxes.
- You are not claiming estimated tax payments.



Do not file Form 140A if you are an active duty member of the U.S. Armed Forces.

If you are an active duty member of the U.S. Armed Forces, you may subtract all active duty military pay included in your federal adjusted gross income. To take this subtraction, **you must file your 2020 return using Form 140.**

View your 1099-G online at AZTaxes.gov

1099-Gs will no longer be mailed; print a copy of your 1099-G online at AZTaxes.gov

Before using paper,
consider



FILE ONLINE!

Fast: Faster processing of your refund and money in your account sooner.

Accurate: Fewer errors than paper forms. Online programs make it easy to ensure you don't miss anything important.

Affordable: If you qualify, it's free.

Paperless: Help the environment by reducing the paper usage.



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CAUTION

The federal adjusted gross income that you use on your Arizona return may not be the same as the federal adjusted gross income from your federal tax return. Also, the federal Schedule A deductions used on the Arizona return may be different from the federal Schedule A deductions taken on your federal return.

Each year the Arizona State Legislature considers if they will adopt changes made

to the federal tax law during the prior year. These forms assume the Legislature will adopt all federal law changes made after January 1, 2020. If you use the amounts from your 2020 federal tax return to complete your Arizona return and the Legislature does not adopt the 2020 federal changes, you may have to amend your return at a later date for any difference between Arizona and federal law. For more details, visit www.azdor.gov and click on the link for 2020 conformity.

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Notice

As a rule, the starting point for your Arizona return is your federal adjusted gross income. To take itemized deductions, you must start with the amount shown on the federal Schedule A. This is the case for 2020, except for changes Congress made to the federal tax code during 2020 if either of the following apply:

1. The changes affect how you figure your federal adjusted gross income

OR

2. The changes affect how you figure your itemized deductions.

When federal changes are made, the Arizona legislature must adopt those changes if the Arizona starting points are to be kept the same. The legislature will address this issue when it is in session during 2021. We must publish these forms before this issue will be addressed by the legislature. When we went to print, Arizona had not yet adopted any federal tax law changes made after January 1, 2020.

What does this mean to you? It means that if any of the federal law changes made in 2020 apply to your 2020 return, you can opt to file your 2020 return using one of the following methods:

1. *You can wait and file your 2020 return after this issue has been addressed.*

To do this, you may need to ask for a filing extension. You must pay 90% of the tax due by the due date of the return before any extension.

2. *You can file your 2020 return assuming that the federal law changes will be adopted.* The 2020 tax forms make this assumption.

If you opt for method 2, one of the following will apply:

- If Arizona adopts the federal changes, you do not have to do anything more.
 - If Arizona does not adopt all the changes, you may need to amend your 2020 Arizona return. Your amended return will have to show the difference between the Arizona law and the federal law. If this happens, we will post more details on our conformity webpage at <https://azdor.gov/legal/conformity-irc>.
 - Generally, no penalties or interest will be assessed on these amended returns, if you follow the Department's instructions and pay any tax due when you file your original 2020 return and you file and pay the required amended return by the extended due date of your 2021 return.
3. *You can file your 2020 return assuming that we will not adopt the federal law changes.* If you opt for this method, you will have to do all of the following:

If you opt for method 3, one of the following will apply:

- If Arizona does not adopt the changes, you do not have to do anything more.
- If Arizona adopts the changes, you may need to amend your 2020 Arizona return. Your amended return will have to show the difference between what you reported and what you should have reported. If this happens, we will post more details on our conformity webpage at <https://azdor.gov/legal/conformity-irc>.

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Due date for calendar year filers

Your 2020 individual income tax return is due by midnight on April 15, 2021. If you file under a valid extension, your extended due date to file your income tax return is October 15, 2021.

Itemized Deductions

Recent legislation amended Arizona Revised Statutes § 43-1042, relating to the allowable deduction for state income taxes paid.

Taxpayers itemizing deductions on their Arizona income tax return and claimed charitable contributions as a state tax payment on their federal 1040 Schedule A are required to make an adjustment for the amount of charitable contributions taken as a state tax payment claimed on the taxpayer's federal itemized deductions (Form 1040 Schedule A).

2020 Arizona Standard Deduction Amounts Adjusted

The 2020 Arizona standard deduction amounts are:

- \$12,400 for a single taxpayer or a married taxpayer filing a separate return;
- \$24,800 for a married couple filing a joint return; and
- \$18,650 for individuals filing a head of household return.

Standard Deduction Increase for Charitable Contributions (New Adjustment)

Taxpayers who did not itemize deductions on their federal return and who elect to take the standard deduction on the Arizona tax return and claim the allowable standard deduction increase must reduce the total amount of the 2020 qualifying charitable contributions by the amount for which the taxpayers took the allowable deduction on their federal return.

2020 Individual Income Tax Brackets Adjusted for Inflation

For 2020, the Arizona individual income tax brackets on Tax Table X & Y were adjusted for inflation.

The 2020 Optional Tax Table (for taxpayers with taxable income less than \$50,000) was also adjusted for inflation. For specific amounts, see the Optional Tax Table and Tax Table X & Y.

Credit for Contributions to Private School Tuition Organizations (Form 323)

The allowable current year credit for contributions to private school tuition organizations was adjusted for inflation purposes. For 2020, the maximum current year credit is:

- \$593 for single and head of household taxpayers
- \$1,186 for married taxpayers filing a joint return

Credit for Contributions Made to Certified School Tuition Organizations (Form 348)

The allowable current year credit for contributions to a certified school tuition organization was adjusted for inflation purposes. For 2020, the maximum current year credit is:

- \$590 for single and head of household taxpayers
- \$1,179 for married taxpayers filing a joint return

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2020 Resident Personal Income Tax Return (Short Form)

For information or help, call one of the numbers listed:

Phoenix (602) 255-3381
From area codes 520 and 928, toll-free (800) 352-4090

Tax forms, instructions, and other tax information

If you need tax forms, instructions, and other tax information, go to the department's website at www.azdor.gov.

Income Tax Procedures and Rulings

These instructions may refer to the department's income tax procedures and rulings for more information. To view or print these, go to our website and click on *Reports and Legal Research* then click on *Legal Research* and select a *Document Type* and *Category* from the drop down menus.

Publications

To view or print the department's publications, go to our website and click on *Reports and Legal Research* then click on *Publications*.

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No more paper, math errors, or mailing delays if you *e-file!* Get your refund quicker with direct deposit option.

E-file today, pay by April 15, 2021, to avoid penalties and interest.

E-file through an authorized IRS/DOR *e-file* provider or by using your personal computer and the Internet.

Visit our website at www.azdor.gov for a listing of approved *e-file* providers and on-line filing sources.

** For free *e-file* requirements, go to our website at www.azdor.gov.

AVOID PROCESSING DELAYS: Are you mailing your Arizona income tax return? If you are mailing your return to the department, see page 14 for assembly order (form sequence) information.

Who Can Use Form 140A?

You can use Form 140A to file for 2020 if **all** of the following apply to you:

- You (and your spouse if married filing a joint return) are both full year residents of Arizona.
- Your Arizona **taxable income** is less than \$50,000, regardless of your filing status.
- You are a calendar year filer.
- You are **not** making any adjustments to income.
- You do **not** itemize deductions.
- The **only** tax credits you will claim are:

- the Family Income Tax credit;
- the Dependent Tax credit;
- the Property Tax credit; or
- the credit for Increased Excise Taxes.
- You are **not** claiming estimated tax payments.

NOTE: You may subtract all of your active duty military pay included in your federal adjusted gross income, but you cannot do this on Form 140A. To take this subtraction, you **must** file your 2020 return using Arizona Form 140. For more information, see Form 140 instructions.

Do You Have to File?

Arizona Filing Requirements These rules apply to all Arizona taxpayers.	
You must file if you are:	and your gross income is more than:
● Single	\$12,400
● Married filing joint	\$24,800
● Married filing separate	\$12,400
● Head of household	\$18,650
If you are an Arizona resident, you must report income from all sources including out-of-state income.	
To see if you have to file, figure your gross income the same as you would figure your gross income for federal income tax purposes. Then, you should exclude income Arizona law does not tax. Income Arizona law does not tax includes:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● interest from U.S. Government obligations, ● social security retirement benefits received under Title II of the Social Security Act, ● benefits received under the Railroad Retirement Act, tier 1 or tier 2 railroad retirement benefits, railroad disability benefits reported on federal forms RRB-1099 and RRB-1099-R, railroad unemployment benefits and railroad sickness payments paid by the Railroad Retirement Board, or ● pay received for active service as a member of the Reserves, National Guard, or the U.S. Armed Forces. 	

NOTE: Even if you do not have to file, you must still file a return to get a refund of any Arizona income tax withheld.

Do You Have to File if You Are an American Indian?

You must file if you meet the Arizona filing requirements unless **all** of the following apply to you:

- You are an enrolled member of an Indian tribe.
- You live on the reservation established for that tribe.
- You earned **all** of your income on that reservation.

Enrolled members of American Indian tribes that must file a return may subtract wages earned while living and working on their tribe's reservation. **If you are eligible to subtract these wages, you must file Arizona Form 140.** In this case, do not file Form 140A. For more information, see the department's ruling, ITR 96-4, *Income Taxation of Indians and Spouses*.

Do You Have to File if You Are the Spouse of an American Indian and You Are Not an Enrolled Indian?

You must file if you meet the Arizona filing requirements. For more information on the tax treatment of spouses of American Indians, see the department's ruling, ITR 96-4, *Income Taxation of Indians and Spouses*.

Do You Have to File if You Are in the Military?

You must file if you meet the Arizona filing requirements unless **all** the following apply to you:

- You are an active duty member of the United States armed forces.
- Your only income for the taxable year is pay received for active duty military service.
- There was no Arizona tax withheld from your active duty military pay.

If Arizona tax was withheld from your active duty military pay, you must file an Arizona income tax return to claim any refund you may be due from that withholding.

You must also file an Arizona income tax return if you have any other income besides pay received for active duty military service.

If you are an Arizona resident and you have to file an Arizona return, you should file using Form 140. If you were an Arizona resident when you entered the service, you remain an Arizona resident, no matter where stationed, until you establish a new domicile.

As an Arizona resident, you must report all of your income, no matter where stationed. You must include your military pay, but using Form 140, you may subtract all pay received for active duty military service; to the extent it is included in your federal adjusted gross income.

If you are not an Arizona resident, but stationed in Arizona, the following applies to you:

- You are not subject to Arizona income tax on your military pay.
- You must report any other income you earn in Arizona. Use Arizona Form 140NR, *Nonresident Personal Income Tax Return*, to report this income.

For more information, see the department's publication, Pub 704, *Taxpayers in the Military*.

Residency Status

If you are not sure if you are an Arizona resident for state income tax purposes, we may be able to help. See the department's procedure, ITP 92-1, *Procedure for Determining Residency*.

Residents

You are a resident of Arizona if your domicile is in Arizona. Domicile is the place where you have your permanent home. It is where you intend to return if you are living or working temporarily in another state or country. If you leave Arizona for a temporary period, you are still an Arizona resident while gone. A resident is subject to tax on all income no matter where the income is earned.

Part-Year Residents

If you are a part-year resident, you must file Arizona Form 140PY, *Part-Year Resident Personal Income Tax Return*.

You are a part-year resident if you did either of the following during 2020:

- You moved into Arizona with the intent of becoming a resident.
- You moved out of Arizona with the intent of giving up your Arizona residency.

Nonresidents

If you are a nonresident, you must file Arizona Form 140NR, *Nonresident Personal Income Tax Return*.

What if a Taxpayer Died?

If a taxpayer died before filing a return for 2020, the taxpayer's spouse or personal representative may have to file and sign a return for that taxpayer. A personal representative can be an executor, administrator, or anyone who is in charge of the deceased taxpayer's property.

If the deceased taxpayer did not have to file a return but had tax withheld, a return must be filed to get a refund.

The person who files the return should use the form the taxpayer would have used. The person who files the return should print the word "deceased" after the decedent's name. Also, enter the date of death after the decedent's name.

If your spouse died in 2020, and you did not remarry in 2020 or if your spouse died in 2021 before filing a return for 2020, you may file a joint return. If your spouse died in 2020, the joint return should show your spouse's 2020 income before death and your income for all of 2020. If your spouse died in 2021, before filing the 2020 return, the joint return should show all of your income and all of your spouse's income for 2020. Print "Filing as surviving spouse" in the area where you sign the return. If someone else is the personal representative, he or she must also sign the return.

Are Any Other Returns Required?

You may also have to file a fiduciary income tax return (Form 141AZ). For details about filing a fiduciary income tax return, call the department at (602) 255-3381.

Claiming a Refund for a Deceased Taxpayer

If you are claiming a refund for a deceased taxpayer, you **must** complete Arizona Form 131, *Claim for Refund on Behalf of Deceased Taxpayer*. Place the completed Form 131 on top of the front of the return.

What Are the Filing Dates and Penalties?

When Should You File?

Your 2020 calendar year tax return is due no later than midnight, April 15, 2021. File your return as soon as you can after January 1, 2021, but no later than April 15, 2021.

What if You Cannot File on Time?

You may request an extension if you know you will not be able to file on time.

NOTE: *An extension does not extend the time to pay your income tax. See the instructions for Arizona Form 204.*

To get a filing extension, you can either

- Apply for a state extension. To apply for a state extension, file Arizona Form 204 by April 15, 2021. See Form 204 for details. You do not have to include a copy of the extension with your return when you file, but make sure that you check box **82F** (above your name) on page 1 of the return. If you must make a payment, use Arizona Form 204, or visit www.AZTaxes.gov to make an electronic payment.
- Use your federal extension (federal Form 4868). File your Arizona return by the same due date. You do not have to include a copy of your federal extension with your return, but make sure that you check box **82F** (above your name) on page 1 of the return.

When Should You File if You Are a Nonresident Alien?

The due date for your Arizona return is not the same as the due date for your federal return. Your Arizona return is due by April 15, 2021, even though your federal return is due on June 15, 2021. If you want to file your Arizona return after April 15, 2021, you must ask for a filing extension. You must file this request by April 15, 2021. Arizona will allow up to a 6-month extension. This will allow you to file your return by October 15, 2021. See Arizona Form 204 for extension filing details.

If you have a federal 6-month extension, you can file your Arizona return under that extension. If you file using your federal extension, Arizona will also allow you an extra 6 months.

Because we will allow only 6 months, the due date for your Arizona return is not the same as the due date for your federal return. In this case, your Arizona return will be due by

October 15, 2021, even though your federal return will not be due until December 15, 2021.

If you file your 2020 Arizona calendar year return after October 15, 2021, your return will be late.

What if You File or Pay Late?

If you file or pay late, we will charge you interest and penalties on the amount you owe. If the U.S. Post Office postmarks your 2020 calendar year return by April 15, 2021, your return will not be late. You may also use certain private delivery services designated by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to meet the “timely mailing as timely filed” rule. For more information, see “*Mailing Your Return*” at the end of these instructions.

Late Filing Penalty

If you file late, we will charge you a late filing penalty. This penalty is 4½% (.045) of the tax required to be shown on the return for each month or fraction of a month the return is late. This penalty cannot exceed 25% (.25) of the tax found to be remaining due.

Late Payment Penalty

If you pay your tax late, we will charge you a late payment penalty. This penalty is ½ of 1% (.005) of the amount shown as tax for each month or fraction of a month for which the failure continues. We charge this penalty from the original due date of the return until the date you pay the tax. This penalty cannot exceed a total of 10% (.10) of the unpaid tax.

Extension Underpayment Penalty

If you file your return under an extension, you must pay 90% (.90) of the tax shown on your return by the return's original due date. If you do not pay this amount, we may charge you a penalty. This penalty is ½ of 1% (.005) of the tax not paid for each 30-day period or fraction of a 30-day period. We charge this penalty from the original due date of the return until the date you pay the tax. This penalty cannot exceed 25% (.25) of the unpaid tax. If we charge you the extension underpayment penalty, we will not charge you the late payment penalty under Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) § 42-1125(D).

NOTE: *If you are subject to two or more of the above penalties, the total cannot exceed 25%.*

Interest

We charge interest on any tax not paid by the due date. We will charge you interest even if you have an extension. If you have an extension, we will charge you interest from the original due date until the date you pay the tax. The Arizona interest rate is the same as the federal rate.

When Should You Amend a Return?

If you need to make changes to your return after you have filed, **do not** file a new return using Form 140A. You **must** file Arizona Form 140X, *Individual Amended Income Tax Return*. File your amended return after your original

return has processed. Generally, you have four years to amend a return to claim a refund.

If you amend your federal return for any year, you must also file a Form 140X for that year.

If the IRS makes a change to your federal taxable income for any year, you must report that change to Arizona. You must file Form 140X within 90 days of the final determination of the IRS. You may use one of the following two options to report this change.

Option 1

You may file a Form 140X for that year. If you choose this option, you must amend your Arizona return within 90 days of the final determination of the IRS. Include a complete copy of the federal notice with your Form 140X.

Option 2

You may file a copy of the final federal notice with the department within 90 days of the final determination of the IRS. If you choose this option, you must include a statement in which you must:

1. Request that the department recompute your tax.
2. Indicate if you agree or disagree with the federal notice.

If you do not agree with the federal notice, you must also include any documents that show why you do not agree.

If you choose option 2, mail the federal notice and any other documents to:

Individual Income Audit
Arizona Department of Revenue
PO Box 29084
Phoenix, AZ 85038-9084

Line-by-Line Instructions

Tips for Preparing Your Return

- Make sure that you write your Social Security Number (SSN) on your return.
- Complete your return using black ink.
- You **must** round dollar amounts to the nearest whole dollar. If 50 cents or more, round up to the next dollar; if less than 50 cents, round down. Do not enter cents.
- If you are mailing your return, see page 14 for assembly order.
- You must complete your federal return before you can start your Arizona return.
- Make sure you include your daytime telephone number.

Entering Your Name, Address, and SSN

Lines 1, 2, and 3 -

Enter your name, address, and SSN in the space provided. If you are filing a joint return, enter your SSNs in the same order as your names. *If your name appears first on the return, make sure your SSN is the first number listed.*

If you are married filing separately, enter your name and SSN on the first line 1. Enter your spouse's name and SSN on the second line 1. If you are a nonresident of the United States or

a resident alien who does not have an SSN, use the individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) the IRS issued to you.

NOTE: *Make sure your SSN is correct. If you are filing a joint return, also make sure you list your SSNs in the same order every year.*

Make sure that you enter your SSN on your return. Make sure that all SSNs are clear and correct. You may be subject to a penalty if you fail to include your SSN. It will take longer to process your return if SSNs are missing, incorrect, or unclear.

Use your current home address. The department will mail your refund or correspond with you at that address. For a deceased taxpayer, see page 2 of these instructions.

Foreign Addresses

If you have a foreign address, enter the information in the following order: city, province or state, and country. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. Do not abbreviate the country name.

Last Name(s) Used in Last 4 Prior Years

If the last name that you or your spouse are using on this return is not the same as the last name you or your spouse used on returns filed for the last 4 years, enter any other last name(s) that you or your spouse used when filing your return during the last 4 years.

Identification Numbers for Paid Preparers

If you pay someone else to prepare your return, that person must also include an identification number where requested.

A paid preparer may use any of the following:

- his or her PTIN;
- his or her SSN; or
- the EIN for the business.

A paid preparer who fails to include the proper identification number may also be subject to a penalty.

Determining Your Filing Status

The filing status that you use on your Arizona return may be different from that used on your federal return.

Use this section to determine your filing status. Check the correct box (4 through 7) on the front of Form 140A.

If you qualify as married for federal purposes, you qualify as married for Arizona purposes and must file using the status of either married filing joint or married filing separate.

If you are single you must file as single or if qualified you may file as head of household (see the instructions for box 5).

Box 4 - Married Filing Joint Return

If you are married and filing a joint return, check box 4.

You may file a joint return if you were married as of December 31, 2020. It does not matter whether or not you were living with your spouse. You may file a joint return, even if you and your spouse filed separate federal returns.

You may file a joint return if your spouse died during 2020 and you did not remarry in 2020. See page 2 of these instructions for details.

Form 140A is for full year residents only. You may not file a joint Arizona income tax return on Form 140A if any of the following apply:

- Your spouse is a nonresident alien (citizen of and living in another country).
- Your spouse is a resident of another state.
- Your spouse is a part-year Arizona resident.

If filing a joint return with your nonresident spouse, you must file a joint return using Arizona Form 140NR. See Form 140NR instructions.

If filing a joint return with your part-year resident spouse, you must file a joint return using Arizona Form 140PY. See Form 140PY instructions.

NOTE: For more information, see the department's ruling, *ITR 14-1, Filing a Joint Tax Return When a Resident Spouse is Married to a Part-Year Resident or Nonresident.*

Box 4a - Injured Spouse Protection of Joint Overpayment

Check box 4a **only** if you and your spouse are filing a joint return and you or your spouse qualify as an injured spouse and are requesting protection from application of any joint overpayment against the other spouse's delinquencies or debts.

NOTE: You cannot use Form 203 to request protection from offset for past-due federal taxes. You must contact the IRS.

You **must** complete Arizona Form 203, *Request for Injured Spouse Protection from Application of Joint Overpayment Against Spouse's Delinquencies and Debts*, and include that form with your tax return, when filed. For more information, see the instructions for Form 203.

Box 5 - Head of Household Return

If you are filing as a head of household, check box 5. Enter the name of the qualifying child or dependent in the space provided.

You may file as head of household on your Arizona return, only if one of the following applies:

- You qualify to file as head of household on your federal return.
- You qualify to file as a qualifying widow or widower on your federal return.

Box 6 - Married Filing Separate Return

If you are filing a separate return, check box 6 and enter your spouse's name and SSN on the second line 1.

If you were married as of December 31, 2020, you may choose to file a separate return. You may file a separate return, even if you and your spouse filed a joint federal return.

Arizona is a community property state. If you file a separate return, you must figure how much income to report using community property laws. Under these laws, a separate return must reflect one-half of the community income from all sources plus any separate income.

When you file separate returns, you must account for community deductions and credits on the same basis as

community income. Both you and your spouse must either itemize or not itemize. If one of you itemizes, you both must itemize. If one of you takes a standard deduction, you both must take a standard deduction. One of you may not claim a standard deduction while the other itemizes.

If you and your spouse support a dependent child from community income, either you or your spouse may claim the dependent. Both of you cannot claim the same dependent on both returns.

For more information, see the department's ruling, *ITR 93-18, Income Reporting Requirements for Married Arizona Residents Who File Separate Arizona Individual Income Tax Returns*, and *ITR 93-19, Deductions, Exemptions, and Credits for Married Taxpayers Who File Separate Arizona Individual Income Tax Returns*.

NOTE: In some cases, you may treat community income as separate income. For more information, see the department's ruling, *ITR 93-22, When Community Income May Be Treated as Separate Income*.

If one spouse is a resident and the other spouse is not, other special rules may apply when filing a separate return. For more information, see the department's ruling, *ITR 93-20, Income Reporting Requirements of Resident and Nonresident Spouses Who File Separate Arizona Individual Income Tax Returns*; and publication, Pub. 200, *Income Tax Issues Affecting Married and Divorced Taxpayers*.

Box 7 - Single Return

If you are filing as single, check box 7.

Use this filing status if you were single on December 31, 2020. You are single if any of the following apply to you:

- You have never been married.
- You are legally separated under a decree of divorce or of separate maintenance.
- You were widowed before January 1, 2020, and you did not remarry in 2020, and you do not qualify to file as a qualifying widow or widower with dependent children on your federal return.

NOTE: If you got divorced during the year, see the department's *Individual Income Tax Ruling, ITR 14-2, Reporting Income, Deductions, Exemptions, and Withholding for Divorced Individuals for the Year of Divorce; and publication, Pub. 200, Income Tax Issues Affecting Married and Divorced Taxpayers, for help completing your return.*

Exemptions - Boxes 8, 9, and 11a

Enter the **number** of exemptions you are claiming in boxes 8, 9, and 11a. **Do not put a check mark.** You may lose the exemption if you put a checkmark in these boxes.

Box 8 - Age 65 or Over

NOTE: If a taxpayer's 65th birthday was January 1, 2021 (born 1/1/1956), that person is considered to be age 65 at the end of 2020 for federal income tax purposes and likewise for Arizona income tax purposes.

- If you are single or filing as head of household, enter "1" in box 8 if you were 65 or older in 2020 and not claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer.
- If you are married filing a joint return, enter "1" in box 8 if you were 65 or older and not claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer or your spouse was 65 or older in 2020 and not claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer. Enter "2" in box 8 if both you and your spouse were 65 or older in 2020 and neither of you are claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer.
- If you are married and filing a separate return, enter "1" in box 8 if you were 65 or older and not claimed by another taxpayer. You cannot take an exemption for your spouse. Your spouse, if 65 or older and not claimed by another taxpayer, may take this exemption on his/her own separate return.

Box 9 - Blind

If you or your spouse were partially blind as of December 31, 2020, you must get a statement certified by your eye doctor or registered optometrist that:

- You cannot see better than 20/200 in your better eye with glasses or contact lenses.
- Your field of vision is 20 degrees or less.

If your eye condition is not likely to improve beyond the conditions listed above, you can get a statement certified by your eye doctor or registered optometrist to that effect instead. You must keep the statement for your records.

- If you are single or filing as head of household, enter "1" in box 9 if you are totally or partially blind.
- If you are married filing a joint return, enter "1" in box 9 if you **or** your spouse is totally or partially blind.

Enter "2" in box 9 if both you **and** your spouse are totally or partially blind.

- If you are married and filing a separate return, you may take an exemption for yourself if you are totally or partially blind. You may only claim an exemption for your spouse if (1) your spouse is totally or partially blind, (2) has no Arizona adjusted gross income for the calendar year, and (3) is not the dependent of another taxpayer.

Enter "1" in box 9 if you are totally or partially blind **or** your spouse is totally or partially blind **and** your spouse meets the above criteria.

Enter "2" in box 9 if you are totally or partially blind and your spouse is totally or partially blind **and** your spouse meets the above criteria.

Box 11a - Qualifying Parents and Grandparents

NOTE: *If a person who is a qualifying parent or grandparent also qualifies as your dependent, you may include that person as a dependent in box 10b, **or** you may claim that person as a qualifying parent or grandparent in box 11a. You may **not** include the same person in both box 10b and box 11a.*

You must complete the qualifying parent and grandparent section (lines 11b through 11d) on page 1 (and Part 2 on page 3, if more space is needed) before you can total your exemptions for qualifying parents and grandparents. **Be sure to check the box on page 1 indicating you are completing page 3.**

A qualifying parent or grandparent may be any one of the following:

- Your parent, grandparent, or great-grandparent, etc.
- If married filing a joint return, your spouse’s parent, grandparent, or great-grandparent, etc.

You may claim this exemption if **all** of the following apply:

1. The parent, grandparent, or great-grandparent was 65 years old or older during 2020.
2. The parent, grandparent, or great-grandparent lived in your principal residence for the entire taxable year.

If your parent or grandparent died during the taxable year, this requirement will still be met if he or she lived with you for the entire part of the year in which he or she was alive. Temporary absences by the parent or grandparent for special circumstances, such as a hospital stay or care in a hospice facility, count as time lived in the taxpayer’s principle residence.

3. You paid more than one-half of the support and maintenance costs of the parent or grandparent during the taxable year.

To help you determine if you paid more than one-half of your parent or grandparent’s support during the taxable year, it is recommended that you review the department’s procedure, ITP 14-1, *Procedure for Determining Support for Purposes of the Parents and Grandparents Exemption Allowed under A.R.S. § 43-1023(C)* and complete the worksheet. Keep the worksheet for your records.

4. The parent or grandparent required assistance with activities of daily living.

The term “activities of daily living” means two or more of the listed categories. Activities of daily living include both basic activities of daily living and instrumental activities of daily living. The categories of activities of daily living are dressing, eating, ambulating, toileting, medicating and hygiene, shopping, housekeeping, managing personal finances, basic communication, food-preparation, and transportation.

For more information regarding what the term “activities of daily living” means when determining an Arizona resident taxpayer’s eligibility for this exemption, see the department’s ruling, ITR 14-3, *"Activities of Daily Living" for the Purpose of the Exemption Allowed Under A.R.S. § 43-1023(C)*.

To help you determine if your parent or grandparent required assistance with activities of daily living to meet this requirement, it is recommended that you review the department’s procedure, ITP 14-2, *Procedure for Determining Whether a Parent or Grandparent Requires Assistance with Activities of Daily Living for Purposes of the Exemption*

Allowed under A.R.S. § 43-1023(C) and complete the checklist. Keep the checklist for your records.

Lines 11b through 11d

For each qualifying parent and grandparent, enter the following information:

- first and last name;
- social security number;
- relationship to taxpayer;
- the number of months this person lived in your home;
- check this box if the person is age 65 or over; and
- check this box if the person died in 2020.

You may lose the exemption for qualifying parents/grandparents if you do not furnish this information. Enter the total number of qualifying parents/grandparents in box 11a.

Dependents - Boxes 10a and 10b

Repeal of Arizona's dependent deduction for taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2018.

Arizona's 2019 legislation amended A.R.S. § 43-1023 repealing the deduction for a taxpayer's dependent for taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2018.

Enactment of Arizona's Dependent Tax Credit for taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2018. This legislation also enacted A.R.S. § 1073.01 establishing a *Dependent Tax Credit* for taxpayers claiming the following individuals:

- dependents under the age of 17; and
- dependents age 17 and older.

The Dependent Tax Credit is claimed on page 1, line 21.

Boxes 10a and 10b

Boxes 10a and 10b identify the *number* of your qualifying dependents that are either under the age of 17 (box 10a) or age 17 and over (box 10b). This information is used to compute the allowable Dependent Tax Credit.

NOTE: *If a person who is a qualifying parent or grandparent also qualifies as your dependent, you may include that person as a dependent in box 10b, or you may claim that person as a qualifying parent or grandparent in box 11a. You may not include the same person in both box 10b and box 11a.*

Lines 10c through 10e

You must complete the dependent information section (lines 10c through 10e) on page 1 (and Part 1 on page 3, if more space is needed) for each person counted in either box 10a or 10b. **Be sure to check the box on page 1 indicating you are completing page 3.**

You may claim only those individuals that qualify as your dependent for federal purposes. For each qualifying individual, enter the following information:

- first and last name;
- social security number;
- relationship to taxpayer;

- the number of months this person lived in your home;

Temporary absences: Your child or dependent is considered to have lived with you during periods of time when temporarily absent due to special circumstances such as: illness; education; business; or vacation. Your child is also considered to have lived with you during any required hospital stay following birth, as long as the child would have lived with you during that time but for the hospitalization.
- check box 1 (for box 10a) if this person is under the age of 17 or
- check box 2 (for box 10b) if this person is age 17 or over; *and*
- check the box if you did not claim this person on your federal return due to educational credits.

NOTE: *If you did not claim a dependent who is a student on your federal return in order to allow the student to claim a federal education credit on the student's federal return, you may still claim the dependent on your Arizona return.*

For more information, see the department's ruling, ITR 05-2, Will Arizona Allow a Dependent Exemption When a Taxpayer Does Not Claim Federal Exemption in Order to Claim the Education Credit?

You may lose the dependent tax credit if you do not furnish this information. Enter the total number of dependents in box 10a or 10b.

Totaling Your Income

Line 12 - Federal Adjusted Gross Income

You must complete your federal return before you enter an amount on line 12. You must complete a 2020 federal return to figure your federal adjusted gross income. You must complete a federal return even if you do not have to file a federal return.

Arizona uses federal adjusted gross income as a starting point to determine Arizona taxable income. Your federal adjusted gross income is your Arizona gross income.

NOTE: *Be sure to use your federal adjusted gross income and not your federal taxable income.*

Exemptions – Lines 13 through 16

Line 13 - Age 65 or Over

Multiply the number you entered in box 8 by \$2,100.

Line 14 - Blind

Multiply the number you entered in box 9 by \$1,500.

Line 15 - Other Exemptions

NOTE: *If you take an Other Exemption for an individual on line 15 you cannot take an exemption for this individual as a qualifying parent/grandparent on line 16 or claim this individual for the dependent tax credit on line 21.*

You must complete page 3, Part 3, to compute your allowable Other Exemptions, on line 15. Be sure to enter the number of individuals listed in Part 3 in the box, **15E**, on line 15.

You may take an exemption in the amount of \$2,300 for each of the following individuals.

- A person who is age 65 or over (related to you or not) that does not qualify as your dependent on your federal return, but one of the following applies:
 1. In 2020, paid more than one-fourth of the cost of keeping this person in an Arizona nursing care institution, an Arizona residential care institution, or an Arizona assisted living facility. Your cost must be more than \$800.
 2. In 2020, you paid more than \$800 for either Arizona home health care or other medical costs for the person.

If both 1 and 2 apply to the same person, you are limited to only exemption of \$2,300 for person.

NOTE: *If a taxpayer's 65th birthday was January 1, 2021 (born 1/1/1956), that person would be considered to be age 65 at the end of 2020 for federal income tax purposes and likewise for Arizona income tax purposes.*

- A stillborn child if the following apply:
 1. The stillbirth occurred during 2020.
 2. You received a certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth from the Arizona Department of Health Services.
 3. The child would have otherwise been a member of your household.

Enter the following in columns (a) through (d):

- a) The individual's first and last name. If you are claiming an exemption for a stillborn child and the child was not named, enter "stillborn child" in place of a name.
- b) The individual's social security number. If you are claiming an exemption for a stillborn child, enter the certificate number from the certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth.
- c) For those individuals age 65 or over:
 - check box C1 if you paid more than one-fourth of the cost of keeping this person in an Arizona nursing care institution, an Arizona residential care institution, or an Arizona assisted living facility. Your cost must be more than \$800 during the taxable year; or
 - check box C2 if you paid you paid more than \$800 for either Arizona home health care or other medical costs for the person during the taxable year.

If you check both box C1 and box C2 for the same individual, you are limited to only **one** exemption of \$2,300 for that individual.

- d) Check this box if you are claiming the exemption for a stillborn child.

You may lose the exemptions if you do not provide this information. Enter the total number of exemptions listed in box 15E on line 15.

Multiply the number in box 15E by \$2,300 and enter the result.

Line 16 - Qualifying Parents and Grandparents

NOTE: *If you take an exemption for an individual as a qualifying parent/grandparent on line 16 you cannot take an Other Exemption for the same individual on line 15 or claim this individual for the dependent tax credit on line 21.*

Multiply the number you entered in box 11a by \$10,000.

Line 17 - Arizona Adjusted Gross Income

Subtract lines 13, 14, 15 and 16 from line 12.

Figuring Your Tax

Line 18 - Standard Deduction

If your filing status is:	Your standard deduction is:
• Single	\$12,400
• Married filing separate	\$12,400
• Married filing joint	\$24,800
• Head of household	\$18,650

Line 19 - Arizona Taxable Income

Subtract line 18 from line 17 and enter the difference. If less than zero, enter "0".

Use this amount to find your tax using the Optional Tax Tables.

STOP! *You must file a Form 140 if your Arizona taxable income is \$50,000 or more.*

Line 20 - Tax Amount

Enter the tax from the Optional Tax Tables.

Line 21 – Dependent Tax Credit

NOTE: *If you claim an individual for the dependent tax credit on line 21 you cannot take an exemption for the same individual as a qualifying parent/grandparent on line 16 or as an Other Exemption on line 15.*

For taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2018, taxpayers may claim a nonrefundable Dependent Tax Credit for certain qualifying dependents.

For the purpose of the dependent tax credit, "dependent" means an individual that qualifies as a dependent for federal purposes. The tax credit is equal to:

- \$100 for each qualifying dependent who is under 17 years of age at the end of the taxable year.
- \$25 for each qualifying dependent who is at least 17 years of age at the end of the taxable year.

The allowable credit is reduced for single, head of household, and married taxpayers filing separate returns whose federal adjusted gross income (page 1, line 12) is more than \$200,000; and for married taxpayers filing a joint return whose federal adjusted gross income is more than \$400,000.

Complete the following tables to compute your allowable Dependent Tax Credit.

Table I			
(a)	(b)	(c) Credit amount	(d) Multiply column (b) by column (c)
1. Enter number of dependents from page 1, box 10a....		\$ 100	\$.00
2. Enter number of dependents from page 1, box 10b....		\$ 25	\$.00
3. Credit amount before adjustment. Add lines 1 and 2. Enter total in column (d).			\$.00

All taxpayers go to Table II.

Table II			
If your filing status is single, married filing separate, or head of household; is your federal adjusted gross income on page 1, line 12, more than \$200,000?	Yes	No	
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
If your filing status is married filing joint, is your federal adjusted gross income on page 1, line 12, more than \$400,000?	Yes	No	
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

- If you answered “No”, you are not required to reduce the amount of credit computed in Table I. Enter the amount From Table I, line 3 on page 1, line 21.
- If you answered “Yes”, you are required to reduce the amount of credit computed in Table I.

Complete Table III or Table IV.


Table III (continued on next column) 2020 Adjusted Dependent Tax Credit For filing status: single, married filing separate, or head of household	
1. Enter your federal adjusted gross income from page 1, line 12.....	\$.00
2. Federal adjusted gross income limit.....	\$ 200,000.00
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the difference..... <i>If the difference is greater than \$19,000, 'STOP' you cannot claim the dependent tax credit.</i>	\$.00
4. Enter amount from Table I, line 3, column (d).....	\$.00
5. Based on the amount on line 3, enter the number from Table V. For example: if line 3 is \$1,500, enter .90	
6. Multiply line 4 by line 5. Enter the result. Also, enter the result on page 1, line 21.....	\$.00

Table IV 2020 Adjusted Dependent Tax Credit For filing status: married filing joint	
1. Enter your federal adjusted gross income from page 1, line 12.....	\$.00
2. Federal adjusted gross income limit.....	\$ 400,000.00

3. Subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the difference..... <i>If the difference is greater than \$19,000, 'STOP' you cannot claim the dependent tax credit.</i>	\$.00
4. Enter amount from Table I, line 3, column (d).....	\$.00
5. Based on the amount on line 3, enter the number from Table V. For example: if line 3 is \$1,500, enter .90	
6. Multiply line 4 by line 5. Enter the result. Also, enter the result on page 1, line 21.....	\$.00

Table V			
If the amount on line 3 from Table III or Table IV is:	Enter on line 5	If the amount on line 3 from Table III or Table IV is:	Enter on line 5
\$ 1 – 1,000	.95	\$ 10,001 – 11,000	.45
\$ 1,001 – 2,000	.90	\$ 11,001 – 12,000	.40
\$ 2,001 – 3,000	.85	\$ 12,001 – 13,000	.35
\$ 3,001 – 4,000	.80	\$ 13,001 – 14,000	.30
\$ 4,001 – 5,000	.75	\$ 14,001 – 15,000	.25
\$ 5,001 – 6,000	.70	\$ 15,001 – 16,000	.20
\$ 6,001 – 7,000	.65	\$ 16,001 – 17,000	.15
\$ 7,001 – 8,000	.60	\$ 17,001 – 18,000	.10
\$ 8,001 – 9,000	.55	\$ 18,001 – 19,000	.05
\$ 9,001 – 10,000	.50	\$ 19,001 and over	.00

Line 22 - Family Income Tax Credit

 **E-file** software will let you know if you are eligible and will figure the credit for you.

NOTE: *The family income tax credit will only reduce your tax and cannot be refunded.*

You may take this credit if your income does not exceed the maximum income allowed for your filing status. You may qualify for this credit even if your parents can claim you as a dependent on their income tax return.

- Complete Steps 1, 2, and 3 to see if you qualify for this credit.
- If you qualify to take this credit, complete Worksheet II in Step 4.

Step 1

Enter the amount from Form 140A, page 1, line 12.	\$
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Step 2

Look at the following tables. Find your filing status.

- Use Table I if married filing a joint return.
- Use Table II if head of household.
- Use Table III if single or married filing a separate return.

Step 3

- Look at the column (a) labeled "number of dependents" and find the number of dependents you are claiming on Form 140A, page 1, boxes 10a and 10b.

- Find the maximum income [in column (b)] for the number of dependents you are claiming.
- Compare that income [the amount in column (b)] with the income listed in Step 1.

If the amount entered in Step 1 is equal to or less than the maximum income allowed for the number of dependents you are claiming on Form 140A, page 1, boxes 10a and 10b, you qualify to claim this credit. To figure your credit, complete Step 4.

Table I Married Filing Joint	
Column (a)	Column (b)
Number of dependents you are claiming on Form 140A, page 1, boxes 10a and 10b.	Maximum Income
• 0 or 1	\$20,000
• 2	\$23,600
• 3	\$27,300
• 4 or more	\$31,000

Table II Head of Household	
Column (a)	Column (b)
Number of dependents you are claiming on Form 140A, page 1, boxes 10a and 10b.	Maximum Income
• 0 or 1	\$20,000
• 2	\$20,135
• 3	\$23,800
• 4	\$25,200
• 5 or more	\$26,575

Table III Single or Married Filing Separate	
Column (a)	Column (b)
Number of dependents you are claiming on Form 140A, page 1, boxes 10a and 10b.	Maximum Income
• 0 or more	\$10,000

Step 4

If you qualify to claim the credit complete Worksheet II.

Worksheet II You must complete Steps 1 through 3 before you complete this Worksheet.	
1. Enter the number of dependents you entered on Form 140A, page 1, boxes 10a and 10b.	
2. If you checked filing status 4, enter the number 2. If you checked filing status 5, 6, or 7, enter the number 1.	
3. Add lines 1 and 2. Enter the total.	
4. Multiply the number on line 3 by \$40. Enter the result.	\$.00
5. If you checked filing status 4 or 5, enter \$240 here. If you checked filing status 6 or 7, enter \$120 here.	\$.00
6. Enter the lesser of line 4 or line 5. Also, enter this amount on Form 140A, page 1, line 22.	\$.00

Line 23 - Balance of Tax

Subtract lines 21 and 22 from line 20. Enter the difference. If less than zero, enter "0".

Totaling Payments and Credits

Line 24 - Arizona Income Tax Withheld

Enter the 2020 Arizona income tax withheld as shown on the Form(s) W-2 from your employer. Include the Form(s) W-2 after the last page of your return *only* if the form shows Arizona income tax withholding

NOTE: You should receive your Form(s) W-2 no later than January 31. If you did not receive a Form W-2 or you think your Form W-2 is wrong, contact your employer.

Line 25 - 2020 Arizona Extension Payment (Form 204)

Use this line to report the payment you sent with your 2020 extension request (Arizona Form 204) or the electronic extension payment you made using www.AZTaxes.gov.

Line 26 - Increased Excise Tax Credit

You may claim this credit if you meet **all** of the following:

- You must have an SSN that is valid for employment.
- You meet the income threshold for your filing status.

DO NOT STAPLE ANY ITEMS TO THE RETURN.

STOP! If your Arizona taxable income is \$50,000 or more, you must use Arizona Form 140.

82F Check box 82F if filing under extension

Your First Name and Middle Initial Last Name Enter your SSN(s) Your Social Security Number

Spouse's First Name and Middle Initial (if box 4 or 6 checked) Last Name Spouse's Social Security No.

Current Home Address - number and street, rural route Apt. No. Daytime Phone (with area code)

City, Town or Post Office State ZIP Code Last Names Used in Last Four Prior Year(s) (if different)

4 Married filing joint return 4a Injured Spouse Protection of Joint Overpayment
5 Head of household. Enter name of qualifying child or dependent on next line:
6 Married filing separate return. Enter spouse's name and Social Security Number above.
7 Single

EXEMPTIONS FILING STATUS
8 Age 65 or over (you and/or spouse)
9 Blind (you and/or spouse)
10a Dependents: Under age of 17. 10b Dependents: Age 17 and over.
11a Qualifying parents and grandparents

Table with 6 columns: (a) FIRST AND LAST NAME, (b) SOCIAL SECURITY NO., (c) RELATIONSHIP, (d) NO. OF MONTHS LIVED IN YOUR HOME IN 2020, (e) Dependent Age included in, (f) if you did not claim this person on your federal return due to educational credits. Rows 10c, 10d, 10e.

Table with 6 columns: (a) FIRST AND LAST NAME, (b) SOCIAL SECURITY NO., (c) RELATIONSHIP, (d) NO. OF MONTHS LIVED IN YOUR HOME IN 2020, (e) if age 65 or over, (f) if died in 2020. Rows 11b, 11c, 11d.

Table with 3 columns: Line number, Description, Amount. Lines 12-30 including Federal adjusted gross income, Arizona adjusted gross income, Standard deduction, Arizona taxable income, Amount of tax from Optional Tax Tables, Dependent Tax Credit, Family income tax credit, Balance of tax, Arizona income tax withheld, 2020 Arizona extension payment, Increased Excise Tax Credit, Property Tax Credit, Total payments and refundable credits, TAX DUE, OVERPAYMENT.

Handwritten signature

PLEASE BE SURE TO SIGN ON PAGE 2 OF THIS RETURN.

Continued on page 2

Place any required federal and AZ schedules or other documents after Form 140A.

Your Name (as shown on page 1) _____ Your Social Security Number _____

Voluntary Gifts

31 Enter the amount from page 1, line 29 (Tax Due) or line 30 (Overpayment)..... **31** _____ **00**

32 - 42 Voluntary Gifts to:

Solutions Teams Assigned to Schools.....	32	_____	00	Arizona Wildlife.....	33	_____	00
Child Abuse Prevention	34	_____	00	Domestic Violence Services.....	35	_____	00
Neighbors Helping Neighbors..	37	_____	00	Political Gift.....	36	_____	00
I Didn't Pay Enough Fund.....	40	_____	00	Special Olympics.....	38	_____	00
				Veterans' Donations Fund	39	_____	00
				Sustainable State Parks and Road Fund.....	41	_____	00
				Spay/Neuter of Animals..	42	_____	00

43 Political Party (if amount is entered on line 36 - check only one box):
431 Democratic **432** Libertarian **433** Republican

44 Total voluntary gifts: Add lines 32 through 42..... **44** _____ **00**

Refund or Amount Owed

45 REFUND: If line 31 is an overpayment, subtract line 44 from line 31. If less than zero, enter amount owed on line 46..... **45** _____ **00**

Direct Deposit of Refund: **Check box 45A** if your deposit will be ultimately placed in a **foreign account**; see instructions. **45A**

98 C Checking or S Savings

ROUTING NUMBER: _____ ACCOUNT NUMBER: _____

46 AMOUNT OWED: If line 31 is a tax due, add lines 31 and 44. Make check payable to Arizona Department of Revenue; write your SSN on payment, and include with your return..... **46** _____ **00**

PLEASE SIGN HERE

Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have read this return and any documents with it, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, they are true, correct and complete. Declaration of preparer (other than taxpayer) is based on all information of which preparer has any knowledge.

→ YOUR SIGNATURE _____ DATE _____ OCCUPATION _____

→ SPOUSE'S SIGNATURE _____ DATE _____ SPOUSE'S OCCUPATION _____

PAID PREPARER'S SIGNATURE _____ DATE _____ FIRM'S NAME (PREPARER'S IF SELF-EMPLOYED) _____

PAID PREPARER'S STREET ADDRESS _____ PAID PREPARER'S TIN _____

PAID PREPARER'S CITY _____ STATE _____ ZIP CODE _____ PAID PREPARER'S PHONE NUMBER (_____) _____

- If you are sending a payment with this return, mail to Arizona Department of Revenue, PO Box 52016, Phoenix, AZ 85072-2016. **Include your payment with your return.**
- If you are expecting a refund or owe no tax, or owe tax but are not sending a payment, mail to Arizona Department of Revenue, PO Box 52138, Phoenix, AZ 85072-2138.

Your Name (as shown on page 1)	Your Social Security Number
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2020 Form 140A Dependent and Other Exemptions Information

Include page 3 with your return if:

- You are listing additional dependents (for box 10a and 10b) from page 1.
- You are listing additional qualifying parents and grandparents (for box 11a) from page 1.
 - You are claiming Other Exemptions on page 1, line 15.

Part 1: Dependents (Box 10a and 10b) continued from page 1

Information used to compute your allowable **Dependent Tax Credit** on page 1, line 21.

NOTE: If you have more than three qualifying dependents, you **must** complete Part 1 *and* the worksheet in the instructions, to compute your the Dependent Tax Credit on line 21.

	(a) FIRST AND LAST NAME (Do not list yourself or spouse.)	(b) SOCIAL SECURITY NO.	(c) RELATIONSHIP	(d) NO. OF MONTHS LIVED IN YOUR HOME IN 2020	(e) ✓ Dependent Age included in:		(f) ✓ IF YOU DID NOT CLAIM THIS PERSON ON YOUR FEDERAL RETURN DUE TO EDUCATIONAL CREDITS
					1 (Box 10a)	2 (Box 10b)	
10f					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10g					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10h					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10i					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10j					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10k					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10l					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10m					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10n					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10o					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10p					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Part 2: Qualifying parents and grandparents (Box 11a) continued from page 1

Additional qualifying parents and grandparents information used to compute your allowable exemption on page 1, line 16.

	(a) FIRST AND LAST NAME (Do not list yourself or spouse.)	(b) SOCIAL SECURITY NO.	(c) RELATIONSHIP	(d) NO. OF MONTHS LIVED IN YOUR HOME IN 2020	(e)	(f)
					✓ IF AGE 65 OR OVER	✓ IF DIED IN 2020
11e					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11f					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11g					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11h					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11i					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11j					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Part 3: Other Exemptions

Information used to compute your allowable **Other Exemptions** on page 1, line 15.

	(a) FIRST AND LAST NAME (Do not list yourself or spouse.)	(b) SOCIAL SECURITY NO.	(c) ✓ AGE 65 OR OVER (see instructions)		(d) ✓ STILLBORN CHILD IN 2020
			C1	C2	
1			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Enter the total number of individuals listed in Part 3 in box 15E on page 1, line 15.

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DO NOT STAPLE ANY ITEMS TO THE RETURN.

For the calendar year 2020 or fiscal year beginning MM,DD,YY 2,0,2,0 and ending MM,DD,YY 2,0,Y,Y. **66**

1 Your First Name and Middle Initial	Last Name	Enter your SSN(s).	Your Social Security Number
1 Spouse's First Name and Middle Initial (if filing joint)	Last Name		Spouse's Social Security No.
2 Current Home Address - number and street, rural route		Apt. No.	Daytime Phone (with area code) 94
3 City, Town or Post Office		State	ZIP Code

REVENUE USE ONLY. DO NOT MARK IN THIS AREA.
88

- Resident Personal Income Tax Forms – Check only one box:**
- 140 140A 140EZ 140PTC 140ET
 - Part-Year Resident Personal Income Tax, Form 140PY
 - Nonresident Personal Income Tax, Form 140NR
 - Nonresident Composite, Form 140NR

81 PM	80 RCVD
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All extension requests must be postmarked on or before the original due date of the return, unless the original due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday. In that case, your request must be postmarked on or before the business day following that Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday. If you are a calendar year filer, your request for a 2020 filing extension must be postmarked on or before April 15, 2021.

An Arizona extension cannot be granted for more than six months beyond the original due date of the return. Arizona will grant an automatic six-month extension to individuals filing Forms 140, 140A, 140EZ, 140NR, 140PY, 140PTC or 140ET. Arizona will accept a valid federal extension for the period covered by the federal extension. This includes the automatic six-month individual federal filing extension.

CHECK ONE BOX:

	Fiscal Tax Year Ending	Return Due Date
<input type="checkbox"/> Individual Calendar Year Filers:		
This is a request for an automatic 6-month filing extension		October 15, 2021
<input type="checkbox"/> Individual Fiscal Year Filers:		
Enter taxable year end date and 6-month extended due date	<u>MM,DD,YY,YY</u>	<u>MM,DD,YY,YY</u>

A federal extension will be used to file this tax return. This form is being used to transmit the Arizona extension payment.

1 Tax liability for 2020. You may estimate this amount	1		00
2 Arizona income tax withheld during 2020	2	00	
3 Arizona estimated tax payments for 2020	3	00	
4 Credits you will claim on your 2020 return. See Arizona Form 301 for a list of credits. 4	4	00	
5 Add lines 2 through 4.....	5		00
6 Balance of Tax: Subtract line 5 from line 1.....	6		00
7 Enter amount of payment enclosed with this extension..... PAYMENT ENCLOSED ▶	7		00

- Make check payable to Arizona Department of Revenue; **write your SSN and tax year on your payment.**
- **Include your payment with this form.**
- For **Nonresident Composite returns**, write "Composite 140NR" on payment and include the taxable year end and entity's EIN.

- **IMPORTANT:** If you are filing under a federal extension but are making an Arizona extension *payment by credit card or electronic payment*, **do not mail Form 204** to us. We will apply your extension tax payment to your account.
- If you **are** sending a payment with this request, mail to Arizona Department of Revenue, PO Box 29085, Phoenix, AZ 85038-9085.
- If you are **not** sending a payment with this request, mail to Arizona Department of Revenue, PO Box 52138, Phoenix, AZ 85072-2138.

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2020 Filing Extension For Individuals

For information or help, call one of the numbers listed:

Phoenix (602) 255-3381
From area codes 520 and 928, toll-free (800) 352-4090

Tax forms, instructions, and other tax information


If you need tax forms, instructions, and other tax information, go to the department's website at www.azdor.gov.

Income Tax Procedures and Rulings

These instructions may refer to the department's income tax procedures and rulings for more information. To view or print these, go to our website and click on *Reports and Legal Research* then click on *Legal Research* and select a *Document Type* and *Category* from the drop down menus.

Publications

To view or print the department's publications, go to our website and click on *Reports and Legal Research* then click on *Publications*.

 Leave the paper behind and **e-file** your Arizona extension request.

Visit www.azdor.gov for e-file requirements.

Purpose of Form 204

Use Arizona Form 204 to apply for an extension of time to file Arizona Forms 140, 140A, 140EZ, 140ET, 140PTC, 140PY, or 140NR. Individuals use this form to apply for an automatic 6-month extension.

If you are using Form 204 to request a filing extension for an Arizona Form 140NR composite return, enter the partnership or S corporation's employer identification number (EIN) in the area designated for an individual's Social Security Number (SSN).

Also, use Form 204 to remit an extension payment whether you are requesting an Arizona extension or using a valid federal extension. However, if you are filing under a federal extension, but making an electronic extension payment or making an extension payment using a credit card, you do not need to mail in Form 204.

Arizona will accept your federal extension for the period covered by the federal extension.

Foreign Address

If you have a foreign address, enter the information in the following order: city, province or state, and country. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. Do not abbreviate the country name.

When to File Form 204

All extension requests must be postmarked on or before the original due date of the return, unless the original due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

In that case, your request must be postmarked on or before the business day following that Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday.

Calendar year filers have until Monday, April 15, 2021, to file the request for an extension. This will allow you to file your return by October 15, 2021.

Complete Form 204 to request an automatic 6-month extension. Write **2020 Extension Request** on the **front** of your envelope.

If you are **including a payment** with this request, mail the form to:

Arizona Department of Revenue
PO Box 29085
Phoenix, AZ 85038-9085

If you are **not including a payment** with your request, mail the form to:

Arizona Department of Revenue
PO Box 52138
Phoenix, AZ 85072-2138

The department will not return a copy of the Form 204 to you. Be sure to keep a copy of the completed Form 204.

An extension does not extend the time to pay your income tax. You must still pay your tax liability by April 15, 2021, or by the original due date of your return.

If you do not pay at least 90% (.90) of the income tax liability disclosed by your return by the return's original due date, you will be subject to the extension underpayment penalty. We charge interest from the original due date to the date of payment.

Extension Underpayment Penalty: We impose this penalty if you do not pay at least 90% (.90) of the income tax liability shown on your return filed under an extension by the return's original due date. The extension underpayment penalty is ½ of 1% (.005) of the income tax not paid for each 30-day period or fraction of a 30-day period. We impose this penalty from the original due date of the return until you pay the tax. The extension underpayment penalty cannot exceed 25% (.25) of the unpaid income tax. If we charge you the extension underpayment penalty, we will not charge you the late payment penalty under Arizona Revised Statutes § 42-1125(D).

Nonresident Aliens

The due date for your Arizona return is not the same as the due date for your federal return. Your Arizona return is due by April 15, 2021, even though your federal return is due on June 15, 2021. If you want to file your 2020 Arizona return after April 15, 2021, you must ask for a filing extension.

Arizona will allow up to a 6-month extension. This will allow you to file your return by October 15, 2021.

If you have a federal 6-month extension, you can file your Arizona return under that extension. If you file using your federal extension, Arizona will also allow you an extra 6 months.

Because we will allow only 6 months, the due date for your Arizona return is not the same as the due date for your federal return. In this case, your Arizona return will be due by

October 15, 2021, even though your federal return will not be due until December 15, 2021. If you file your 2020 Arizona calendar year return after October 15, 2021, your return will be late.

Making Your Payment

Individuals may make extension payments by check, electronic check, money order, or credit card.

Partnerships or S corporations making an extension payment on behalf of nonresidents participating in the filing of an Arizona Form 140NR composite return must make that payment by check or money order.

Check or money order

If paying by check or money order, make your check or money order payable to Arizona Department of Revenue.

Write your SSN (or EIN) and 2020 Extension Request on the **front** of your check or money order.

Include your check or money order with Form 204.

Electronic payment from your checking or savings account

You can make an electronic payment from your checking or savings account to pay your balance due for 2020. There is no fee to use this method. To make an electronic payment, go to www.AZTaxes.gov and click on the "Make a Payment" link.

Be sure to enter the correct routing number and account number for your checking or savings account. You will be charged a \$50 NSF (non-sufficient funds) fee if you provide an incorrect routing number or an incorrect account number. Check with your financial institution to get the correct routing and account numbers.

The "E-Check" option in the "Payment Method" drop-down box will debit the amount from the checking or savings account that you specify. If you make an electronic payment from your checking or savings account, you will receive a confirmation number. **Please keep this confirmation number as proof of payment.**

NOTE: *You may not make an electronic payment from your checking or savings account if the payment will ultimately be coming from a foreign account. In this case, you must pay by check or money order.*

Credit card payment

You can pay with your Visa, MasterCard, Discover, or American Express credit card. Go to www.AZTaxes.gov and click on the "Make a Payment" link and choose the credit card option. This will take you to a third party vendor site (provider). The provider **will charge** you a convenience fee based on the amount of your tax payment. The provider will tell you what the fee is during the transaction; you will have the option to continue or cancel the transaction. If you complete the credit card transaction, you will receive a confirmation number. **Please keep this confirmation number as proof of payment.**

Instructions Before Mailing

Make sure that you have completed all of the information requested on the **front** of the form.

To avoid an extension underpayment penalty, make sure you pay at least 90% (.90) of your Arizona tax liability.

- If you are married filing a joint return, or a head of household, you may claim this credit if the amount on Form 140A, line 12, is \$25,000 or less.
- If you are single or married filing a separate return, you may claim this credit if the amount on Form 140A, line 12, is \$12,500 or less.
- You are not claimed as a dependent by any other taxpayer.
- You were not sentenced for at least 60 days of 2020 to a county, state, or federal prison.

NOTE: *If you are filing a joint return with your spouse, and your spouse was sentenced for at least 60 days during 2020 to a county, state or federal prison, you may claim the Excise Tax Credit if you otherwise qualify to claim the credit, but you cannot claim the credit for your spouse. If your spouse has a valid SSN, but you do not, neither you nor your spouse can claim this credit.*

For complete information on how incarceration affects this credit, see the department’s publication, Pub. 709, *Excise Tax Credit - How Does Incarceration Affect Eligibility?*

If you are married filing a joint return, you may also claim a credit for your spouse if your spouse has either a valid SSN or an ITIN issued by the IRS.

If you also claim a credit for qualifying children, your qualifying children must have either a valid SSN or an ITIN issued by the IRS. To figure your credit, complete the following worksheet.

NOTE: *Do not complete the following worksheet if you are claiming the property tax credit on Arizona Form 140PTC. Use Form 140PTC to figure both the credit for increased excise taxes and the property tax credit.*

If you are claiming both the credit for increased excise taxes and the property tax credit, enter the increased excise tax credit from Form 140PTC, page 1, line 17, on line 26 and enter the property tax credit from Form 140PTC, page 1, line 15, on line 27.

Credit for Increased Excise Taxes Worksheet	
If you checked filing status 4 or 5, is the amount on Form 140A, line 12, \$25,000 or less?	<i>Check one</i>
	Yes No
If you checked filing status 6 or 7, is the amount on Form 140A, line 12, \$12,500 or less?	Yes No
	Yes No
If you checked no, STOP. You do not qualify for this credit. If you checked yes, complete the worksheet.	
1. Enter the number of dependents you entered on Form 140A, boxes 10a and 10b. Exclude any dependent that is not an Arizona resident.	
2. If you checked filing status 4, enter the number 2 here. If you checked filing status 5, 6, or 7, enter the number 1 here.	
3. Add lines 1 and 2. Enter the total.....	

Credit for Increased Excise Taxes Worksheet		
4. Multiply the amount on line 3 by \$25. Enter the result.....	\$	
5. Maximum credit.....	\$ 100	00
6. Enter the smaller of line 4 or line 5 here and also on Form 140A, page 1, line 26...	\$	00

NOTE: *The credit cannot exceed \$100 per household. Do not claim this credit if someone else in your household has already claimed \$100 of the credit. If someone else in your household has claimed less than \$100, you may claim the credit as long as all credit claims filed from your household do not exceed \$100.*

Line 27 - Property Tax Credit

You may claim the property tax credit if you meet **all** of the following:

1. You were either 65 or older in 2020 or, if under age 65, you were receiving SSI Title 16 income from the Social Security Administration.

NOTE: *SSI Title 16 income is not the normal Social Security disability.*

2. You were an Arizona resident for the full year in 2020.
3. You paid property tax on your Arizona home in 2020. You paid rent on taxable property for the entire year or you did a combination of both.
4. If you lived alone, your total household income was under \$3,751. If you lived with others, the total household income was under \$5,501. To see what income is included in household income, see Arizona Form 140PTC instructions.

Complete Form 140PTC to figure your credit. Enter the amount from Form 140PTC, page 1, line 15. Include Form 140PTC with your return.

TAX TIP: *To claim a property tax credit, you must file your claim or extension request by April 15, 2021. You cannot claim this credit on an amended return if you file the amended return after the due date of your return.*

Figuring Your Tax Due or Overpayment

Line 28 - Total Payments and Refundable Credits

Add lines 24 through 27 and enter the total.

Line 29 - Tax Due

If line 23 is greater than line 28, you have tax due. Subtract line 28 from line 23 and enter the amount of tax due. Skip line 30.

Line 30 - Overpayment

If line 28 is greater than line 23, subtract line 23 from line 28 and enter the overpayment.

Line 31 -

Enter the amount of *Tax Due* from page 1, line 29 **or** the amount of *Overpayment* from line 30.

Making Voluntary Gifts

You can make voluntary gifts to each of the funds shown below. A gift will reduce your refund or increase the amount due with your return.

NOTE: *If you make a gift, you cannot change the amount of that gift later on an amended return.*

Line 32 - Solutions Teams Assigned to Schools Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Solutions Teams Assigned to Schools Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 46. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 32.

Gifts go to the Arizona Assistance for Education Fund. The Arizona Board of Education will distribute money to the Arizona Department of Education to fund solutions teams assigned to schools.

Line 33 - Arizona Wildlife Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Arizona Wildlife Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 46. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 33.

Your gift to the Arizona Wildlife Fund helps protect wildlife in the state. Many species like bald eagles, Apache trout, and black-footed ferrets benefit from your gifts to this fund. Gifts are also used to improve areas for watching wildlife statewide.

Line 34 - Child Abuse Prevention Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Arizona Child Abuse Prevention Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 46. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 34.

Gifts go to the Arizona Child Abuse Prevention Fund. This fund provides financial aid to community agencies for child abuse prevention programs.

Line 35 - Domestic Violence Services Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Domestic Violence Services Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 46. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 35.

Gifts go to the Domestic Violence Services Fund. This fund provides financial aid to shelters for victims of domestic violence.

Line 36 - Political Gift

You may give some or all of your refund to a political party. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send

in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 46. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 36.

If you donate to a political party, complete line 43. Gifts go to one of the following political parties:

- Democratic
- Libertarian
- Republican

Line 37 - Neighbors Helping Neighbors Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Neighbors Helping Neighbors Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 46. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 37.

Gifts go to the Neighbors Helping Neighbors Fund. This fund provides eligible recipients with emergency aid in paying utility bills, conserving energy and weatherization.

Line 38 - Special Olympics Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Special Olympics Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 46. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 38.

Gifts go to the Special Olympics Fund. This fund helps provide programs of the Arizona Special Olympics.

Line 39 - Veterans' Donations Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Veterans' Donations Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 46. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 39.

Gifts go to the Veterans' Donations Fund, which may be used for veterans in Arizona.

Line 40 - I Didn't Pay Enough Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the I Didn't Pay Enough Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 46. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 40.

Gifts that you make to the I Didn't Pay Enough Fund will aid the state by going to the Arizona general fund.

Line 41 - Sustainable State Parks and Roads Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Sustainable State Parks and Roads Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 46. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 41.

Gifts that you make to the Sustainable State Parks and Roads Fund will aid the state to operate, maintain, and make capital improvements to buildings, roads, parking lots, highway entrances and any related structure used to operate state parks.

Line 42 – Spaying and Neutering of Animals Fund

You may give some or all of your refund to the Spaying and Neutering of Animals Fund. You may also give more than your entire refund. If you send in additional money with your return, include that amount on line 46. Enter the amount you want to donate on line 42.

Gifts that you make to the Spaying and Neutering of Animals Fund will help to reduce pet overpopulation by sterilizing, at minimal or no cost, dogs and cats in this state, including those that are impounded and sterilized.

Line 43 - Political Party

If line 36 has an amount entered, check the box for the political party to which you wish to give. You may select only one party. If you do not select a political party, the department will return the amount on line 36.

Line 44 - Total Voluntary Gifts

Add lines 32 through 42 and enter the total.

Figuring Your Refund or Amount Owed

Line 45 - Refund

If line 31 is an overpayment, subtract line 44 from line 31. Enter your refund on line 45 and skip line 46.

If less than zero, enter amount owed on line 46.

If you owe money to any Arizona state agency, court, county, incorporated city or town and certain federal agencies, your refund may go to pay some of the debt. If so, the department will let you know by letter.

TAX TIP: *If you change your address before you get your refund, let the department know. Write to Refund Desk, Arizona Department of Revenue, PO Box 29216, Phoenix, AZ 85038-9216. Include your SSN in your letter.*

Direct Deposit of Refund

Complete the direct deposit line if you want us to directly deposit the amount shown on line 45 into your account at a bank or other financial institution (such as a mutual fund, brokerage firm or credit union) instead of sending a check.

NOTE: *Check the box on line 45A if the direct deposit will ultimately be placed in a foreign account. If you check box 45A, do not enter your routing or account numbers. We will not direct deposit your refund. We will send you a check instead.*

Why Use Direct Deposit?

- You will get your refund fast – even faster if you e-file!
- Payment is more secure - there is no check to get lost.
- It is more convenient. No trip to the bank to deposit your check.
- It saves tax dollars. A refund by direct deposit costs less to process than a check.

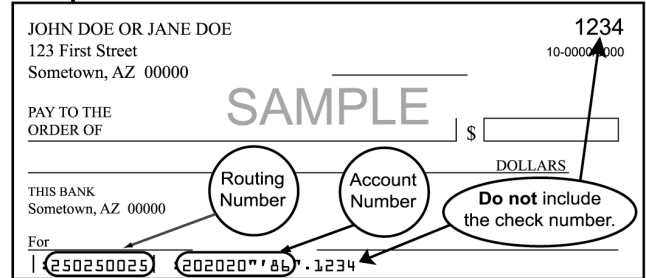
NOTE: *We are not responsible for a lost refund if you enter the wrong account information. Check with your financial institution to get the correct routing and account numbers and to make sure your direct deposit will be accepted.*

Routing Number

MAKE SURE YOU ENTER THE CORRECT ROUTING NUMBER.

The routing number must be nine digits. The first 2 digits must be 01 through 12 or 21 through 32. Otherwise, the direct deposit will be rejected and a check sent instead. On the sample check, the routing number is 250250025.

Sample Check



Note: *The routing and account numbers may be in different places on your check.*

Your check may state that it is payable through a financial institution different from the one at which you have your checking account. If so, **do not** use the routing number on that check. Instead, contact your financial institution for the correct routing number to enter here.

Account Number

MAKE SURE YOU ENTER THE CORRECT ACCOUNT NUMBER.

The account number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). **DO NOT** include hyphens, spaces, or special symbols. Enter the number from left to right and leave any unused boxes blank. On the sample check, the account number is 20202086. Be sure **not** to include the check number.

NOTE: *If the direct deposit is rejected, a check will be mailed instead.*

Line 46 - Amount Owed

If line 31 is a tax due, add lines 31 and 44. Enter the amount you owe on line 46. If you are making voluntary gifts on lines 32 through 42 in excess of your overpayment, enter the difference on line 46. You may pay only with a check, electronic check, money order, or credit card.

Check or money order

NOTE: *Include your check or money order with your return. Please do not send cash.*

Make your check payable to Arizona Department of Revenue. Write your SSN and tax year on the front of your check or money order. The department cannot accept checks or money orders in foreign currency. You must make payment in U.S. dollars. It may take 2-3 weeks for your payment to process.

The Department of Revenue may charge you \$50 for a check returned unpaid by your financial institution.

Electronic payment from your checking or savings account

You can make an electronic payment from your checking or savings account to pay your balance due for 2020. There is no fee to use this method. To make an electronic payment, go to www.AZTaxes.gov and click on the “Make a Payment” link. Be sure to enter the correct routing number and account number for your checking or savings account. You will be charged a \$50 NSF (non-sufficient funds) fee if you provide an incorrect routing number or an incorrect account number. Check with your financial institution to get the correct routing and account numbers.

The “E-Check” option in the “Payment Method” drop-down box will debit the amount from the checking or savings account that you specify. If you make an electronic payment from your checking or savings account, you will receive a confirmation number. **Please keep this confirmation number as proof of payment.**

NOTE: *You may not make an electronic payment from your checking or savings account if the payment will ultimately be coming from a foreign account. In this case, you must pay by check or money order.*

Credit card payment

You can pay with your Discover, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express credit card. Go to www.AZTaxes.gov and click on the “Make a Payment” link and choose the credit card option. This will take you to a third party vendor site (provider). The provider **will charge** you a convenience fee based on the amount of your tax payment. The provider will tell you what the fee is during the transaction; you will have the option to continue or cancel the transaction. If you complete the credit card transaction, you will receive a confirmation number. **Please keep this confirmation number as proof of payment.**

Installment Payments

If you cannot pay the full amount shown on line 46 when you file, you may request to make monthly installment payments. Complete Arizona Form 140-IA and mail the completed form to the address on the Form 140-IA. **Do not mail Form 140-IA with your income tax return.** You may obtain Arizona Form 140-IA from our website at www.azdor.gov.

If you cannot pay the full amount shown on line 46, you will be charged interest and may be charged a late payment penalty on the tax not paid by April 15, 2021. To limit the interest and penalty charges pay as much of the tax as possible when you file.

Sign Your Return

You must sign your return. If married filing a joint return, both you and your spouse must sign even if only one had income. Form 140A is not considered a valid return unless you sign it. If the return does not have the proper signatures, the department cannot send a refund check.

Instructions Before Mailing

- **DO NOT STAPLE YOUR RETURN.**
- **DO NOT STAPLE ANY SCHEDULE, FORM, OR PAYMENT TO YOUR RETURN.**
- Make sure your **NAME** is on the return.
- Make sure your **SSN** is on your return.
- Be sure you enter your daytime telephone number in the space provided on the front of your return.
- Check to make sure that your math is correct. A math error can cause delays in processing your return.
- Check the **boxes** to make sure you filled in all required boxes.
- If you requested a filing extension, make sure that you check box **82F** (above your name) on page 1 of the return.
- Sign your return and have your spouse sign, if filing jointly.
- Write your SSN and tax year on the front of your check. Include your check with your return.
- Do not send correspondence with your return.

Mailing Your Return

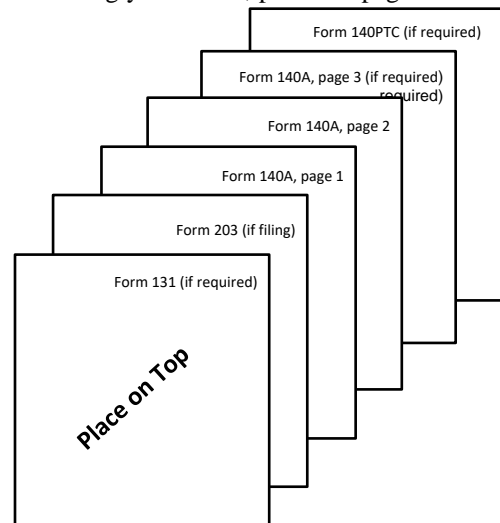
TO AVOID PROCESSING DELAYS:

- Assemble your tax return in the order shown on the following page.
- If mailing more than one tax return, please use separate envelopes for each return.

If you are mailing your return, be sure to include Form 140A, pages 1 and 2, and all other required forms. Make a copy of your return before mailing. Also make a copy of any forms and schedules that you are including with your return. Keep the copies for your records. Be sure that you mail the original and not a copy

Include Form(s) W-2, W-2G, and Form(s) 1099-R, 1099-NEC, and 1099-G, after the last page of your return **only** if the form show Arizona income tax withholding.

If you are mailing your return, place the pages in the following order:



Where Should I Mail My Return?

If you are **sending a payment** with this return, mail the return to:

Arizona Department of Revenue
PO Box 52016
Phoenix, AZ 85072-2016

If you are **expecting a refund, or owe no tax, or owe tax but are not sending a payment**, mail the return to:

Arizona Department of Revenue
PO Box 52138
Phoenix, AZ 85072-2138

Make sure you put enough postage on the envelope

The U.S. Post Office or United States mail service must postmark your return or extension request by midnight April 15, 2020.

The term "United States mail" includes any private delivery service designated by the United States Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to Internal Revenue Code § 7502(f) and the term "postmark" includes any date recorded or marked by any such designated delivery service.

An income tax return that is mailed to the department is timely filed if it is delivered on or before its due date. Additionally, if the envelope or wrapper containing the return sent through the United States mail bears a postmark of the United States mail and that tax return is delivered to the department after its due date that return will be considered timely filed if all of the following apply:

1. The return was deposited in an official depository of the United States mail;
2. The date of the postmark is no later than the due date;
3. The return was properly addressed; and
4. The return had proper postage.

If the envelope or wrapper containing a return sent through the United States mail bears a private meter postmark made by other than the United States mail, the return is treated as timely filed if both of the following apply:

1. The private meter postmark bears a date on or before the due date for filing; and
2. The return is received no later than the time it would ordinarily have been received from the same point of origin by the same class of U.S. postage. If the return is received by the department within five business days of the private meter postmark date the department will consider this requirement satisfied.

You may also use certain private delivery services designated by the IRS to meet the "timely mailing as timely filed" rule.

For more information, see the department's ruling, GTR 16-1, *Timely Filing of Income or Withholding Tax Returns Through the United States Mail.*

How Long to Keep Your Return

You must keep your records as long as they may be needed for the administration of any provision of Arizona tax law.

Generally, this means you must keep records that support items shown on your return until the period of limitations for that return runs out.

The period of limitations is the period of time in which you can amend your return to claim a credit or refund or the department can assess additional tax. A period of limitations is the limited time after which no legal action can be brought. Usually, this is four years from the date the return was due or filed.

In some cases, the limitation period is longer than four years. The period is six years from when you file a return if you underreport the income shown on that return by more than 25% (.25). The department can bring an action at any time if a return is false or fraudulent, or you do not file a return. To find out more about what records you should keep, get federal Publication 552.

Where is my Refund?

You can check on your refund by visiting www.azdor.gov or www.AZTaxes.gov and clicking on "Where's my refund?" or you may call one of the numbers listed on page 1 of these instructions. Before you call, be sure to have a copy of your 2020 tax return on hand. You will need to know your SSN, your filing status, and your 5-digit ZIP Code.

Contacting the Department

Your tax information on file with the department is confidential. If you want the department to discuss your tax matters with someone other than yourself, you must authorize the department to release confidential information to that person. You may use Arizona Form 285 to authorize the department to release confidential information to your appointee. See Form 285 for details.

WHY E-FILING IS FASTER, EASIER AND BETTER.

- It is accurate and easy. E-file software helps taxpayers avoid mistakes by doing the math.
- It is secure. E-file meets strict security guidelines.
- It is convenient.
- Most e-filers get their refunds faster.
- It's often free.
- There are several options for making payments.

**For a list of approved e-file vendors visit
azdor.gov/e-services/approved-vendors**



2020 Arizona Optional Tax Tables for Forms 140, 140A, and 140EZ

If your taxable income is less than \$50,000, use the Optional Tax Tables.

If your taxable income is \$50,000 or more, use Tax Table X or Y. Also, if your taxable income is \$50,000 or more, you cannot use Form 140EZ or Form 140A to file for 2020. In this case, you must file using Form 140.

To Find Your Tax:

1. Read down the income column until you find your taxable income shown on your return.
 Form 140, line 45 Form 140A, line 19 Form 140EZ, line 8
2. Read across until you find your *filing status*. Enter the tax on your return.
 Form 140, line 46 Form 140A, line 20 Form 140EZ, line 9

Example:

Mr. and Mrs. Timely are filing a joint return. Their taxable income is \$19,360 (Form 140, line 45). First, they find the \$19,350-\$19,400 income line. Next they find the column for married filing jointly and read down the column. The amount shown where the income lines and filing status column meet is \$502. This is the tax amount they must write on Form 140, line 46.

	At Least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household
Your Tax Is -				
19,300	19,350		501	501
19,350	19,400		502	502
19,400	19,450		503	503

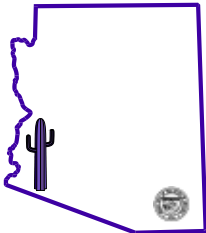
At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household	At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household	At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household
If less than \$20 tax is 0 Your Tax Is				\$2,000 Your Tax Is				\$4,000 Your Tax Is			
20	50	1	1	2,000	2,050	52	52	4,000	4,050	104	104
50	100	2	2	2,050	2,100	54	54	4,050	4,100	106	106
100	150	3	3	2,100	2,150	55	55	4,100	4,150	107	107
150	200	5	5	2,150	2,200	56	56	4,150	4,200	108	108
200	250	6	6	2,200	2,250	58	58	4,200	4,250	109	109
250	300	7	7	2,250	2,300	59	59	4,250	4,300	111	111
300	350	8	8	2,300	2,350	60	60	4,300	4,350	112	112
350	400	10	10	2,350	2,400	62	62	4,350	4,400	113	113
400	450	11	11	2,400	2,450	63	63	4,400	4,450	115	115
450	500	12	12	2,450	2,500	64	64	4,450	4,500	116	116
500	550	14	14	2,500	2,550	65	65	4,500	4,550	117	117
550	600	15	15	2,550	2,600	67	67	4,550	4,600	118	118
600	650	16	16	2,600	2,650	68	68	4,600	4,650	120	120
650	700	17	17	2,650	2,700	69	69	4,650	4,700	121	121
700	750	19	19	2,700	2,750	71	71	4,700	4,750	122	122
750	800	20	20	2,750	2,800	72	72	4,750	4,800	124	124
800	850	21	21	2,800	2,850	73	73	4,800	4,850	125	125
850	900	23	23	2,850	2,900	74	74	4,850	4,900	126	126
900	950	24	24	2,900	2,950	76	76	4,900	4,950	128	128
950	1,000	25	25	2,950	3,000	77	77	4,950	5,000	129	129
\$1,000 Your Tax Is				\$3,000 Your Tax Is				\$5,000 Your Tax Is			
1,000	1,050	27	27	3,000	3,050	78	78	5,000	5,050	130	130
1,050	1,100	28	28	3,050	3,100	80	80	5,050	5,100	131	131
1,100	1,150	29	29	3,100	3,150	81	81	5,100	5,150	133	133
1,150	1,200	30	30	3,150	3,200	82	82	5,150	5,200	134	134
1,200	1,250	32	32	3,200	3,250	84	84	5,200	5,250	135	135
1,250	1,300	33	33	3,250	3,300	85	85	5,250	5,300	137	137
1,300	1,350	34	34	3,300	3,350	86	86	5,300	5,350	138	138
1,350	1,400	36	36	3,350	3,400	87	87	5,350	5,400	139	139
1,400	1,450	37	37	3,400	3,450	89	89	5,400	5,450	141	141
1,450	1,500	38	38	3,450	3,500	90	90	5,450	5,500	142	142
1,500	1,550	39	39	3,500	3,550	91	91	5,500	5,550	143	143
1,550	1,600	41	41	3,550	3,600	93	93	5,550	5,600	144	144
1,600	1,650	42	42	3,600	3,650	94	94	5,600	5,650	146	146
1,650	1,700	43	43	3,650	3,700	95	95	5,650	5,700	147	147
1,700	1,750	45	45	3,700	3,750	96	96	5,700	5,750	148	148
1,750	1,800	46	46	3,750	3,800	98	98	5,750	5,800	150	150
1,800	1,850	47	47	3,800	3,850	99	99	5,800	5,850	151	151
1,850	1,900	49	49	3,850	3,900	100	100	5,850	5,900	152	152
1,900	1,950	50	50	3,900	3,950	102	102	5,900	5,950	153	153
1,950	2,000	51	51	3,950	4,000	103	103	5,950	6,000	155	155

At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household	At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household	At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household
\$6,000 Your Tax Is				\$9,000 Your Tax Is				\$12,000 Your Tax Is			
6,000	6,050	156	156	9,000	9,050	234	234	12,000	12,050	311	311
6,050	6,100	157	157	9,050	9,100	235	235	12,050	12,100	313	313
6,100	6,150	159	159	9,100	9,150	236	236	12,100	12,150	314	314
6,150	6,200	160	160	9,150	9,200	238	238	12,150	12,200	315	315
6,200	6,250	161	161	9,200	9,250	239	239	12,200	12,250	317	317
6,250	6,300	163	163	9,250	9,300	240	240	12,250	12,300	318	318
6,300	6,350	164	164	9,300	9,350	242	242	12,300	12,350	319	319
6,350	6,400	165	165	9,350	9,400	243	243	12,350	12,400	321	321
6,400	6,450	166	166	9,400	9,450	244	244	12,400	12,450	322	322
6,450	6,500	168	168	9,450	9,500	245	245	12,450	12,500	323	323
6,500	6,550	169	169	9,500	9,550	247	247	12,500	12,550	324	324
6,550	6,600	170	170	9,550	9,600	248	248	12,550	12,600	326	326
6,600	6,650	172	172	9,600	9,650	249	249	12,600	12,650	327	327
6,650	6,700	173	173	9,650	9,700	251	251	12,650	12,700	328	328
6,700	6,750	174	174	9,700	9,750	252	252	12,700	12,750	330	330
6,750	6,800	175	175	9,750	9,800	253	253	12,750	12,800	331	331
6,800	6,850	177	177	9,800	9,850	254	254	12,800	12,850	332	332
6,850	6,900	178	178	9,850	9,900	256	256	12,850	12,900	333	333
6,900	6,950	179	179	9,900	9,950	257	257	12,900	12,950	335	335
6,950	7,000	181	181	9,950	10,000	258	258	12,950	13,000	336	336
\$7,000 Your Tax Is				\$10,000 Your Tax Is				\$13,000 Your Tax Is			
7,000	7,050	182	182	10,000	10,050	260	260	13,000	13,050	337	337
7,050	7,100	183	183	10,050	10,100	261	261	13,050	13,100	339	339
7,100	7,150	185	185	10,100	10,150	262	262	13,100	13,150	340	340
7,150	7,200	186	186	10,150	10,200	264	264	13,150	13,200	341	341
7,200	7,250	187	187	10,200	10,250	265	265	13,200	13,250	343	343
7,250	7,300	188	188	10,250	10,300	266	266	13,250	13,300	344	344
7,300	7,350	190	190	10,300	10,350	267	267	13,300	13,350	345	345
7,350	7,400	191	191	10,350	10,400	269	269	13,350	13,400	346	346
7,400	7,450	192	192	10,400	10,450	270	270	13,400	13,450	348	348
7,450	7,500	194	194	10,450	10,500	271	271	13,450	13,500	349	349
7,500	7,550	195	195	10,500	10,550	273	273	13,500	13,550	350	350
7,550	7,600	196	196	10,550	10,600	274	274	13,550	13,600	352	352
7,600	7,650	197	197	10,600	10,650	275	275	13,600	13,650	353	353
7,650	7,700	199	199	10,650	10,700	276	276	13,650	13,700	354	354
7,700	7,750	200	200	10,700	10,750	278	278	13,700	13,750	355	355
7,750	7,800	201	201	10,750	10,800	279	279	13,750	13,800	357	357
7,800	7,850	203	203	10,800	10,850	280	280	13,800	13,850	358	358
7,850	7,900	204	204	10,850	10,900	282	282	13,850	13,900	359	359
7,900	7,950	205	205	10,900	10,950	283	283	13,900	13,950	361	361
7,950	8,000	207	207	10,950	11,000	284	284	13,950	14,000	362	362
\$8,000 Your Tax Is				\$11,000 Your Tax Is				\$14,000 Your Tax Is			
8,000	8,050	208	208	11,000	11,050	286	286	14,000	14,050	363	363
8,050	8,100	209	209	11,050	11,100	287	287	14,050	14,100	365	365
8,100	8,150	210	210	11,100	11,150	288	288	14,100	14,150	366	366
8,150	8,200	212	212	11,150	11,200	289	289	14,150	14,200	367	367
8,200	8,250	213	213	11,200	11,250	291	291	14,200	14,250	368	368
8,250	8,300	214	214	11,250	11,300	292	292	14,250	14,300	370	370
8,300	8,350	216	216	11,300	11,350	293	293	14,300	14,350	371	371
8,350	8,400	217	217	11,350	11,400	295	295	14,350	14,400	372	372
8,400	8,450	218	218	11,400	11,450	296	296	14,400	14,450	374	374
8,450	8,500	220	220	11,450	11,500	297	297	14,450	14,500	375	375
8,500	8,550	221	221	11,500	11,550	298	298	14,500	14,550	376	376
8,550	8,600	222	222	11,550	11,600	300	300	14,550	14,600	377	377
8,600	8,650	223	223	11,600	11,650	301	301	14,600	14,650	379	379
8,650	8,700	225	225	11,650	11,700	302	302	14,650	14,700	380	380
8,700	8,750	226	226	11,700	11,750	304	304	14,700	14,750	381	381
8,750	8,800	227	227	11,750	11,800	305	305	14,750	14,800	383	383
8,800	8,850	229	229	11,800	11,850	306	306	14,800	14,850	384	384
8,850	8,900	230	230	11,850	11,900	308	308	14,850	14,900	385	385
8,900	8,950	231	231	11,900	11,950	309	309	14,900	14,950	387	387
8,950	9,000	232	232	11,950	12,000	310	310	14,950	15,000	388	388

At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household	At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household	At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household
\$15,000		Your Tax Is		\$18,000		Your Tax Is		\$21,000		Your Tax Is	
15,000	15,050	389	389	18,000	18,050	467	467	21,000	21,050	545	545
15,050	15,100	390	390	18,050	18,100	468	468	21,050	21,100	546	546
15,100	15,150	392	392	18,100	18,150	469	469	21,100	21,150	547	547
15,150	15,200	393	393	18,150	18,200	471	471	21,150	21,200	548	548
15,200	15,250	394	394	18,200	18,250	472	472	21,200	21,250	550	550
15,250	15,300	396	396	18,250	18,300	473	473	21,250	21,300	551	551
15,300	15,350	397	397	18,300	18,350	475	475	21,300	21,350	552	552
15,350	15,400	398	398	18,350	18,400	476	476	21,350	21,400	554	554
15,400	15,450	400	400	18,400	18,450	477	477	21,400	21,450	555	555
15,450	15,500	401	401	18,450	18,500	479	479	21,450	21,500	556	556
15,500	15,550	402	402	18,500	18,550	480	480	21,500	21,550	557	557
15,550	15,600	403	403	18,550	18,600	481	481	21,550	21,600	559	559
15,600	15,650	405	405	18,600	18,650	482	482	21,600	21,650	560	560
15,650	15,700	406	406	18,650	18,700	484	484	21,650	21,700	561	561
15,700	15,750	407	407	18,700	18,750	485	485	21,700	21,750	563	563
15,750	15,800	409	409	18,750	18,800	486	486	21,750	21,800	564	564
15,800	15,850	410	410	18,800	18,850	488	488	21,800	21,850	565	565
15,850	15,900	411	411	18,850	18,900	489	489	21,850	21,900	567	567
15,900	15,950	412	412	18,900	18,950	490	490	21,900	21,950	568	568
15,950	16,000	414	414	18,950	19,000	491	491	21,950	22,000	569	569
\$16,000		Your Tax Is		\$19,000		Your Tax Is		\$22,000		Your Tax Is	
16,000	16,050	415	415	19,000	19,050	493	493	22,000	22,050	570	570
16,050	16,100	416	416	19,050	19,100	494	494	22,050	22,100	572	572
16,100	16,150	418	418	19,100	19,150	495	495	22,100	22,150	573	573
16,150	16,200	419	419	19,150	19,200	497	497	22,150	22,200	574	574
16,200	16,250	420	420	19,200	19,250	498	498	22,200	22,250	576	576
16,250	16,300	422	422	19,250	19,300	499	499	22,250	22,300	577	577
16,300	16,350	423	423	19,300	19,350	501	501	22,300	22,350	578	578
16,350	16,400	424	424	19,350	19,400	502	502	22,350	22,400	580	580
16,400	16,450	425	425	19,400	19,450	503	503	22,400	22,450	581	581
16,450	16,500	427	427	19,450	19,500	504	504	22,450	22,500	582	582
16,500	16,550	428	428	19,500	19,550	506	506	22,500	22,550	583	583
16,550	16,600	429	429	19,550	19,600	507	507	22,550	22,600	585	585
16,600	16,650	431	431	19,600	19,650	508	508	22,600	22,650	586	586
16,650	16,700	432	432	19,650	19,700	510	510	22,650	22,700	587	587
16,700	16,750	433	433	19,700	19,750	511	511	22,700	22,750	589	589
16,750	16,800	434	434	19,750	19,800	512	512	22,750	22,800	590	590
16,800	16,850	436	436	19,800	19,850	513	513	22,800	22,850	591	591
16,850	16,900	437	437	19,850	19,900	515	515	22,850	22,900	592	592
16,900	16,950	438	438	19,900	19,950	516	516	22,900	22,950	594	594
16,950	17,000	440	440	19,950	20,000	517	517	22,950	23,000	595	595
\$17,000		Your Tax Is		\$20,000		Your Tax Is		\$23,000		Your Tax Is	
17,000	17,050	441	441	20,000	20,050	519	519	23,000	23,050	596	596
17,050	17,100	442	442	20,050	20,100	520	520	23,050	23,100	598	598
17,100	17,150	444	444	20,100	20,150	521	521	23,100	23,150	599	599
17,150	17,200	445	445	20,150	20,200	523	523	23,150	23,200	600	600
17,200	17,250	446	446	20,200	20,250	524	524	23,200	23,250	602	602
17,250	17,300	447	447	20,250	20,300	525	525	23,250	23,300	603	603
17,300	17,350	449	449	20,300	20,350	526	526	23,300	23,350	604	604
17,350	17,400	450	450	20,350	20,400	528	528	23,350	23,400	605	605
17,400	17,450	451	451	20,400	20,450	529	529	23,400	23,450	607	607
17,450	17,500	453	453	20,450	20,500	530	530	23,450	23,500	608	608
17,500	17,550	454	454	20,500	20,550	532	532	23,500	23,550	609	609
17,550	17,600	455	455	20,550	20,600	533	533	23,550	23,600	611	611
17,600	17,650	456	456	20,600	20,650	534	534	23,600	23,650	612	612
17,650	17,700	458	458	20,650	20,700	535	535	23,650	23,700	613	613
17,700	17,750	459	459	20,700	20,750	537	537	23,700	23,750	614	614
17,750	17,800	460	460	20,750	20,800	538	538	23,750	23,800	616	616
17,800	17,850	462	462	20,800	20,850	539	539	23,800	23,850	617	617
17,850	17,900	463	463	20,850	20,900	541	541	23,850	23,900	618	618
17,900	17,950	464	464	20,900	20,950	542	542	23,900	23,950	620	620
17,950	18,000	466	466	20,950	21,000	543	543	23,950	24,000	621	621

At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household	At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household	At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household
\$24,000		Your Tax Is		\$27,000		Your Tax Is		\$30,000		Your Tax Is	
24,000	24,050	622	622	27,000	27,050	700	700	30,000	30,050	798	778
24,050	24,100	624	624	27,050	27,100	701	701	30,050	30,100	800	779
24,100	24,150	625	625	27,100	27,150	703	703	30,100	30,150	801	780
24,150	24,200	626	626	27,150	27,200	704	704	30,150	30,200	803	782
24,200	24,250	627	627	27,200	27,250	705	705	30,200	30,250	805	783
24,250	24,300	629	629	27,250	27,300	706	706	30,250	30,300	806	784
24,300	24,350	630	630	27,300	27,350	708	708	30,300	30,350	808	785
24,350	24,400	631	631	27,350	27,400	709	709	30,350	30,400	810	787
24,400	24,450	633	633	27,400	27,450	711	710	30,400	30,450	811	788
24,450	24,500	634	634	27,450	27,500	713	712	30,450	30,500	813	789
24,500	24,550	635	635	27,500	27,550	714	713	30,500	30,550	815	791
24,550	24,600	636	636	27,550	27,600	716	714	30,550	30,600	816	792
24,600	24,650	638	638	27,600	27,650	718	715	30,600	30,650	818	793
24,650	24,700	639	639	27,650	27,700	719	717	30,650	30,700	820	794
24,700	24,750	640	640	27,700	27,750	721	718	30,700	30,750	821	796
24,750	24,800	642	642	27,750	27,800	723	719	30,750	30,800	823	797
24,800	24,850	643	643	27,800	27,850	724	721	30,800	30,850	825	798
24,850	24,900	644	644	27,850	27,900	726	722	30,850	30,900	826	800
24,900	24,950	646	646	27,900	27,950	728	723	30,900	30,950	828	801
24,950	25,000	647	647	27,950	28,000	729	725	30,950	31,000	830	802
\$25,000		Your Tax Is		\$28,000		Your Tax Is		\$31,000		Your Tax Is	
25,000	25,050	648	648	28,000	28,050	731	726	31,000	31,050	831	804
25,050	25,100	649	649	28,050	28,100	733	727	31,050	31,100	833	805
25,100	25,150	651	651	28,100	28,150	734	728	31,100	31,150	835	806
25,150	25,200	652	652	28,150	28,200	736	730	31,150	31,200	836	807
25,200	25,250	653	653	28,200	28,250	738	731	31,200	31,250	838	809
25,250	25,300	655	655	28,250	28,300	739	732	31,250	31,300	840	810
25,300	25,350	656	656	28,300	28,350	741	734	31,300	31,350	841	811
25,350	25,400	657	657	28,350	28,400	743	735	31,350	31,400	843	813
25,400	25,450	659	659	28,400	28,450	744	736	31,400	31,450	845	814
25,450	25,500	660	660	28,450	28,500	746	738	31,450	31,500	846	815
25,500	25,550	661	661	28,500	28,550	748	739	31,500	31,550	848	816
25,550	25,600	662	662	28,550	28,600	749	740	31,550	31,600	850	818
25,600	25,650	664	664	28,600	28,650	751	741	31,600	31,650	851	819
25,650	25,700	665	665	28,650	28,700	753	743	31,650	31,700	853	820
25,700	25,750	666	666	28,700	28,750	754	744	31,700	31,750	855	822
25,750	25,800	668	668	28,750	28,800	756	745	31,750	31,800	856	823
25,800	25,850	669	669	28,800	28,850	758	747	31,800	31,850	858	824
25,850	25,900	670	670	28,850	28,900	759	748	31,850	31,900	860	826
25,900	25,950	671	671	28,900	28,950	761	749	31,900	31,950	861	827
25,950	26,000	673	673	28,950	29,000	763	750	31,950	32,000	863	828
\$26,000		Your Tax Is		\$29,000		Your Tax Is		\$32,000		Your Tax Is	
26,000	26,050	674	674	29,000	29,050	764	752	32,000	32,050	865	829
26,050	26,100	675	675	29,050	29,100	766	753	32,050	32,100	866	831
26,100	26,150	677	677	29,100	29,150	768	754	32,100	32,150	868	832
26,150	26,200	678	678	29,150	29,200	769	756	32,150	32,200	870	833
26,200	26,250	679	679	29,200	29,250	771	757	32,200	32,250	871	835
26,250	26,300	681	681	29,250	29,300	773	758	32,250	32,300	873	836
26,300	26,350	682	682	29,300	29,350	774	760	32,300	32,350	875	837
26,350	26,400	683	683	29,350	29,400	776	761	32,350	32,400	876	839
26,400	26,450	684	684	29,400	29,450	778	762	32,400	32,450	878	840
26,450	26,500	686	686	29,450	29,500	779	763	32,450	32,500	880	841
26,500	26,550	687	687	29,500	29,550	781	765	32,500	32,550	881	842
26,550	26,600	689	688	29,550	29,600	783	766	32,550	32,600	883	844
26,600	26,650	690	690	29,600	29,650	784	767	32,600	32,650	885	845
26,650	26,700	691	691	29,650	29,700	786	769	32,650	32,700	886	846
26,700	26,750	692	692	29,700	29,750	788	770	32,700	32,750	888	848
26,750	26,800	693	693	29,750	29,800	789	771	32,750	32,800	890	849
26,800	26,850	695	695	29,800	29,850	791	772	32,800	32,850	891	850
26,850	26,900	696	696	29,850	29,900	793	774	32,850	32,900	893	851
26,900	26,950	697	697	29,900	29,950	794	775	32,900	32,950	895	853
26,950	27,000	699	699	29,950	30,000	796	776	32,950	33,000	896	854

At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household	At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household	At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household
\$33,000 Your Tax Is				\$36,000 Your Tax Is				\$39,000 Your Tax Is			
33,000	33,050	898	855	36,000	36,050	998	933	39,000	39,050	1,098	1,011
33,050	33,100	900	857	36,050	36,100	1,000	934	39,050	39,100	1,100	1,012
33,100	33,150	901	858	36,100	36,150	1,002	936	39,100	39,150	1,102	1,013
33,150	33,200	903	859	36,150	36,200	1,003	937	39,150	39,200	1,103	1,015
33,200	33,250	905	861	36,200	36,250	1,005	938	39,200	39,250	1,105	1,016
33,250	33,300	906	862	36,250	36,300	1,007	940	39,250	39,300	1,107	1,017
33,300	33,350	908	863	36,300	36,350	1,008	941	39,300	39,350	1,108	1,019
33,350	33,400	910	864	36,350	36,400	1,010	942	39,350	39,400	1,110	1,020
33,400	33,450	911	866	36,400	36,450	1,012	943	39,400	39,450	1,112	1,021
33,450	33,500	913	867	36,450	36,500	1,013	945	39,450	39,500	1,113	1,022
33,500	33,550	915	868	36,500	36,550	1,015	946	39,500	39,550	1,115	1,024
33,550	33,600	916	870	36,550	36,600	1,017	947	39,550	39,600	1,117	1,025
33,600	33,650	918	871	36,600	36,650	1,018	949	39,600	39,650	1,118	1,026
33,650	33,700	920	872	36,650	36,700	1,020	950	39,650	39,700	1,120	1,028
33,700	33,750	921	873	36,700	36,750	1,022	951	39,700	39,750	1,122	1,029
33,750	33,800	923	875	36,750	36,800	1,023	952	39,750	39,800	1,123	1,030
33,800	33,850	925	876	36,800	36,850	1,025	954	39,800	39,850	1,125	1,031
33,850	33,900	926	877	36,850	36,900	1,027	955	39,850	39,900	1,127	1,033
33,900	33,950	928	879	36,900	36,950	1,028	956	39,900	39,950	1,128	1,034
33,950	34,000	930	880	36,950	37,000	1,030	958	39,950	40,000	1,130	1,035
\$34,000 Your Tax Is				\$37,000 Your Tax Is				\$40,000 Your Tax Is			
34,000	34,050	931	881	37,000	37,050	1,032	959	40,000	40,050	1,132	1,037
34,050	34,100	933	883	37,050	37,100	1,033	960	40,050	40,100	1,134	1,038
34,100	34,150	935	884	37,100	37,150	1,035	962	40,100	40,150	1,135	1,039
34,150	34,200	936	885	37,150	37,200	1,037	963	40,150	40,200	1,137	1,041
34,200	34,250	938	886	37,200	37,250	1,038	964	40,200	40,250	1,139	1,042
34,250	34,300	940	888	37,250	37,300	1,040	965	40,250	40,300	1,140	1,043
34,300	34,350	941	889	37,300	37,350	1,042	967	40,300	40,350	1,142	1,044
34,350	34,400	943	890	37,350	37,400	1,043	968	40,350	40,400	1,144	1,046
34,400	34,450	945	892	37,400	37,450	1,045	969	40,400	40,450	1,145	1,047
34,450	34,500	946	893	37,450	37,500	1,047	971	40,450	40,500	1,147	1,048
34,500	34,550	948	894	37,500	37,550	1,048	972	40,500	40,550	1,149	1,050
34,550	34,600	950	895	37,550	37,600	1,050	973	40,550	40,600	1,150	1,051
34,600	34,650	951	897	37,600	37,650	1,052	974	40,600	40,650	1,152	1,052
34,650	34,700	953	898	37,650	37,700	1,053	976	40,650	40,700	1,154	1,053
34,700	34,750	955	899	37,700	37,750	1,055	977	40,700	40,750	1,155	1,055
34,750	34,800	956	901	37,750	37,800	1,057	978	40,750	40,800	1,157	1,056
34,800	34,850	958	902	37,800	37,850	1,058	980	40,800	40,850	1,159	1,057
34,850	34,900	960	903	37,850	37,900	1,060	981	40,850	40,900	1,160	1,059
34,900	34,950	961	905	37,900	37,950	1,062	982	40,900	40,950	1,162	1,060
34,950	35,000	963	906	37,950	38,000	1,063	984	40,950	41,000	1,164	1,061
\$35,000 Your Tax Is				\$38,000 Your Tax Is				\$41,000 Your Tax Is			
35,000	35,050	965	907	38,000	38,050	1,065	985	41,000	41,050	1,165	1,063
35,050	35,100	967	908	38,050	38,100	1,067	986	41,050	41,100	1,167	1,064
35,100	35,150	968	910	38,100	38,150	1,068	987	41,100	41,150	1,169	1,065
35,150	35,200	970	911	38,150	38,200	1,070	989	41,150	41,200	1,170	1,066
35,200	35,250	972	912	38,200	38,250	1,072	990	41,200	41,250	1,172	1,068
35,250	35,300	973	914	38,250	38,300	1,073	991	41,250	41,300	1,174	1,069
35,300	35,350	975	915	38,300	38,350	1,075	993	41,300	41,350	1,175	1,070
35,350	35,400	977	916	38,350	38,400	1,077	994	41,350	41,400	1,177	1,072
35,400	35,450	978	918	38,400	38,450	1,078	995	41,400	41,450	1,179	1,073
35,450	35,500	980	919	38,450	38,500	1,080	997	41,450	41,500	1,180	1,074
35,500	35,550	982	920	38,500	38,550	1,082	998	41,500	41,550	1,182	1,075
35,550	35,600	983	921	38,550	38,600	1,083	999	41,550	41,600	1,184	1,077
35,600	35,650	985	923	38,600	38,650	1,085	1,000	41,600	41,650	1,185	1,078
35,650	35,700	987	924	38,650	38,700	1,087	1,002	41,650	41,700	1,187	1,079
35,700	35,750	988	925	38,700	38,750	1,088	1,003	41,700	41,750	1,189	1,081
35,750	35,800	990	927	38,750	38,800	1,090	1,004	41,750	41,800	1,190	1,082
35,800	35,850	992	928	38,800	38,850	1,092	1,006	41,800	41,850	1,192	1,083
35,850	35,900	993	929	38,850	38,900	1,093	1,007	41,850	41,900	1,194	1,085
35,900	35,950	995	930	38,900	38,950	1,095	1,008	41,900	41,950	1,195	1,086
35,950	36,000	997	932	38,950	39,000	1,097	1,009	41,950	42,000	1,197	1,087

At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household	At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household	At least	But less than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly or Head of Household
\$42,000 Your Tax Is				\$45,000 Your Tax Is				\$48,000 Your Tax Is			
42,000	42,050	1,199	1,088	45,000	45,050	1,299	1,166	48,000	48,050	1,399	1,244
42,050	42,100	1,200	1,090	45,050	45,100	1,301	1,167	48,050	48,100	1,401	1,245
42,100	42,150	1,202	1,091	45,100	45,150	1,302	1,169	48,100	48,150	1,402	1,246
42,150	42,200	1,204	1,092	45,150	45,200	1,304	1,170	48,150	48,200	1,404	1,248
42,200	42,250	1,205	1,094	45,200	45,250	1,306	1,171	48,200	48,250	1,406	1,249
42,250	42,300	1,207	1,095	45,250	45,300	1,307	1,173	48,250	48,300	1,407	1,250
42,300	42,350	1,209	1,096	45,300	45,350	1,309	1,174	48,300	48,350	1,409	1,252
42,350	42,400	1,210	1,098	45,350	45,400	1,311	1,175	48,350	48,400	1,411	1,253
42,400	42,450	1,212	1,099	45,400	45,450	1,312	1,177	48,400	48,450	1,412	1,254
42,450	42,500	1,214	1,100	45,450	45,500	1,314	1,178	48,450	48,500	1,414	1,256
42,500	42,550	1,215	1,101	45,500	45,550	1,316	1,179	48,500	48,550	1,416	1,257
42,550	42,600	1,217	1,103	45,550	45,600	1,317	1,180	48,550	48,600	1,417	1,258
42,600	42,650	1,219	1,104	45,600	45,650	1,319	1,182	48,600	48,650	1,419	1,259
42,650	42,700	1,220	1,105	45,650	45,700	1,321	1,183	48,650	48,700	1,421	1,261
42,700	42,750	1,222	1,107	45,700	45,750	1,322	1,184	48,700	48,750	1,422	1,262
42,750	42,800	1,224	1,108	45,750	45,800	1,324	1,186	48,750	48,800	1,424	1,263
42,800	42,850	1,225	1,109	45,800	45,850	1,326	1,187	48,800	48,850	1,426	1,265
42,850	42,900	1,227	1,110	45,850	45,900	1,327	1,188	48,850	48,900	1,427	1,266
42,900	42,950	1,229	1,112	45,900	45,950	1,329	1,189	48,900	48,950	1,429	1,267
42,950	43,000	1,230	1,113	45,950	46,000	1,331	1,191	48,950	49,000	1,431	1,268
\$43,000 Your Tax Is				\$46,000 Your Tax Is				\$49,000 Your Tax Is			
43,000	43,050	1,232	1,114	46,000	46,050	1,332	1,192	49,000	49,050	1,432	1,270
43,050	43,100	1,234	1,116	46,050	46,100	1,334	1,193	49,050	49,100	1,434	1,271
43,100	43,150	1,235	1,117	46,100	46,150	1,336	1,195	49,100	49,150	1,436	1,272
43,150	43,200	1,237	1,118	46,150	46,200	1,337	1,196	49,150	49,200	1,437	1,274
43,200	43,250	1,239	1,120	46,200	46,250	1,339	1,197	49,200	49,250	1,439	1,275
43,250	43,300	1,240	1,121	46,250	46,300	1,341	1,199	49,250	49,300	1,441	1,276
43,300	43,350	1,242	1,122	46,300	46,350	1,342	1,200	49,300	49,350	1,442	1,278
43,350	43,400	1,244	1,123	46,350	46,400	1,344	1,201	49,350	49,400	1,444	1,279
43,400	43,450	1,245	1,125	46,400	46,450	1,346	1,202	49,400	49,450	1,446	1,280
43,450	43,500	1,247	1,126	46,450	46,500	1,347	1,204	49,450	49,500	1,447	1,281
43,500	43,550	1,249	1,127	46,500	46,550	1,349	1,205	49,500	49,550	1,449	1,283
43,550	43,600	1,250	1,129	46,550	46,600	1,351	1,206	49,550	49,600	1,451	1,284
43,600	43,650	1,252	1,130	46,600	46,650	1,352	1,208	49,600	49,650	1,452	1,285
43,650	43,700	1,254	1,131	46,650	46,700	1,354	1,209	49,650	49,700	1,454	1,287
43,700	43,750	1,255	1,132	46,700	46,750	1,356	1,210	49,700	49,750	1,456	1,288
43,750	43,800	1,257	1,134	46,750	46,800	1,357	1,211	49,750	49,800	1,457	1,289
43,800	43,850	1,259	1,135	46,800	46,850	1,359	1,213	49,800	49,850	1,459	1,290
43,850	43,900	1,260	1,136	46,850	46,900	1,361	1,214	49,850	49,900	1,461	1,292
43,900	43,950	1,262	1,138	46,900	46,950	1,362	1,215	49,900	49,950	1,462	1,293
43,950	44,000	1,264	1,139	46,950	47,000	1,364	1,217	49,950	50,000	1,464	1,294
\$44,000 Your Tax Is				\$47,000 Your Tax Is				 <p>End of Optional Tables</p>			
44,000	44,050	1,265	1,140	47,000	47,050	1,366	1,218				
44,050	44,100	1,267	1,142	47,050	47,100	1,367	1,219				
44,100	44,150	1,269	1,143	47,100	47,150	1,369	1,221				
44,150	44,200	1,270	1,144	47,150	47,200	1,371	1,222				
44,200	44,250	1,272	1,145	47,200	47,250	1,372	1,223				
44,250	44,300	1,274	1,147	47,250	47,300	1,374	1,224				
44,300	44,350	1,275	1,148	47,300	47,350	1,376	1,226				
44,350	44,400	1,277	1,149	47,350	47,400	1,377	1,227				
44,400	44,450	1,279	1,151	47,400	47,450	1,379	1,228				
44,450	44,500	1,280	1,152	47,450	47,500	1,381	1,230				
44,500	44,550	1,282	1,153	47,500	47,550	1,382	1,231				
44,550	44,600	1,284	1,154	47,550	47,600	1,384	1,232				
44,600	44,650	1,285	1,156	47,600	47,650	1,386	1,233				
44,650	44,700	1,287	1,157	47,650	47,700	1,387	1,235				
44,700	44,750	1,289	1,158	47,700	47,750	1,389	1,236				
44,750	44,800	1,290	1,160	47,750	47,800	1,391	1,237				
44,800	44,850	1,292	1,161	47,800	47,850	1,392	1,239				
44,850	44,900	1,294	1,162	47,850	47,900	1,394	1,240				
44,900	44,950	1,295	1,164	47,900	47,950	1,396	1,241				
44,950	45,000	1,297	1,165	47,950	48,000	1,397	1,243				

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DO YOU QUALIFY FOR AN ARIZONA TAXCREDIT?

You may claim the INCREASED EXCISE TAX CREDIT if:

- you are an Arizona resident
- you are not claimed as a dependent by any other taxpayer
- your federal adjusted gross income was \$ 25,000 or less (\$12,500 if single)
- you were not sentenced for at least 60 days of 2020 to a county, state or federal prison

Up to
\$100
per household

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Tax Credits Available

Over 100,000 eligible Arizona families failed to receive thousands of dollars in tax credits because they did not file a tax return. **You may qualify for these special credits when you file your state and federal taxes.**

Tax Year 2020 Federal Earned Income Tax Credit Eligibility Table		
Number of Qualifying Children	Earned Income (less than)	Maximum Credit
0*	\$15,820 (\$21,710 if MFJ)	\$538
1	\$41,756 (\$47,646 if MFJ)	\$3,584
2	\$47,440 (\$53,330 if MFJ)	\$5,920
3 or more	\$50,954 (\$56,844 if MFJ)	\$6,660

*your age 25 - 64

MFJ = Married Filed Jointly

Tax Year 2020 Federal Child Tax Credit Eligibility Table	
Qualifications	Maximum Credit Amount Per Qualifying Child
Children under the age of 17 years at the end of the 2020 tax year	\$2,000 per child

Parents and children must have Social Security Number or ITIN (Individual Taxpayer Identification Number) to claim credit.

Do you qualify for the Arizona Family Tax Credit and/or Dependent Tax Credit?
To determine if you qualify to claim the Arizona Family Tax Credit and/or the Dependent Tax Credit, see the instructions for Forms 140, 140A, 140EZ and 140PY. Nonresidents filing Form 140NR cannot claim the Arizona Family Tax Credit but you may still qualify to claim the Dependent Tax Credit.

Arizona Increased Excise Tax Credit Eligibility Table	
Qualifications	Income
Eligibility depends on Arizona residency and filing status	\$25,000 or less per year

<p>To Qualify!</p> <p>You must file your state and federal taxes</p>
<p>How To File!</p> <p>Get your taxes prepared FREE at one of the community tax assistance sites. The sites will also e-file your taxes; that means a FREE FAST REFUND.</p>
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- Forms and Instructions
- Publications
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